## Package 'davidTiling'

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**Title** Data and analysis scripts for David, Huber et al. yeast tiling array paper

Author Wolfgang Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>, Joern Toedling <toedling@ebi.ac.uk>

Maintainer Wolfgang Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

Depends R (>= 2.10), Biobase (>= 2.5.5), tilingArray, GO.db

**Description** This package contains the data for the paper by L. David et al. in PNAS 2006 (PMID 16569694): 8 CEL files of Affymetrix genechips, an ExpressionSet object with the raw feature data, a probe annotation data structure for the chip and the yeast genome annotation (GFF file) that was used. In addition, some custom-written analysis functions are provided, as well as R scripts in the scripts directory.

**biocViews** ExperimentData, Genome, Saccharomyces\_cerevisiae\_Data, MicroarrayData, ReproducibleResearch

**Reference** A high-resolution map of transcription in the yeast genome. David L, Huber W, Granovskaia M, Toedling J, Palm CJ, Bofkin L, Jones T, Davis RW, Steinmetz LM. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2006 Apr 4;103(14):5320-5.

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## Contents

data:davi	dΤ	ilir	ıg					 						 									2
data:gff					•			 •			•		•	 								•	3

#### data:davidTiling

data:probeAnno	3
getAllGO	5
getAttributeField	6
GOHyperG	7
scatterWithHist	8
scoreSegments	
showDens	10
yeastFeatures	11
	12

## Index

data: davidTiling Dataset of class eSet with the raw 'CEL file' intensities

## Description

The data are from an experiment that used Affymetrix Scerevisiaetiling chips from 2004, which where custom-made for the Stanford Genome Center. The chips tile the complete genome of S. cerevisiae in steps of 8 bases, separately for each strand of each chromosome. The two tiles for one chromosome (Watson and Crick strands) are offset by 4 bases.

Note that the class eSet was used instead of AffyBatch since the additional overhead of 'CDF environments' in the latter is not needed here.

#### Usage

```
data("davidTiling")
```

#### Format

Intensity data for 8 arrays. The phenoData slot contains the file names and the nucleic acid type.

#### Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

#### Source

Lior David and Lars Steinmetz, both from the Stanford Genome Center. Lars Steinmetz is also at EMBL Heidelberg.

```
data("davidTiling")
dim(exprs(davidTiling))
```

data:gff

#### Description

A data frame with genomic features of Saccharomyces cerevisiae.

#### Usage

data("gff")

## Format

Object of class data.frame. GFF is a file format for annotating genomes, see <insert the URL to the documentation page for GFF at Sanger here>. The format is essentially a rectangular table, and here it is represented as a data frame.

#### Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

#### Source

Two GFF files were downloaded: saccharomyces\_cerevisiae.gff from ftp://genome-ftp.stanford.edu/pub/yeast/ on 7 Aug 2005, 18:16 BST, and IGR\_v24.2.p001.allowoverlap.GFF from http://jura.wi.mit.edu/fraenkel/downlow upon suggestion from the SGD curators on 30 Aug 2005. (Future versions of SGD's GFF files are likely to include the latter as well). They were parsed, combined and written into the gff data.frame with the script makeProbeAnno.R in the inst/scripts directory of this package.

#### Examples

data("gff")
str(gff)

data:probeAnno

An environment with probe mapping information for the Scerevisiae tiling array

#### Description

The environment contains probe mapping information for the Affymetrix Scerevisiaetiling chip from 2004, which was custom-made for the Stanford Genome Center. The chips tile the complete genome of S. cerevisiae in steps of 8 bases, separately for each strand of each chromosome. The two tiles for one chromosome (Watson and Crick strands) are offset by 4 bases.

In the following a brief description of the 138 elements of the probeAnno environment.

probeReverse: a list of 8 factors, each of length 6553600, corresponding to the rows of davidTiling. For example, if the probe corresponding to the j-th row in davidTiling maps to the coding sequence of a gene, then the factor level of probeRevers\$CDS[j] is the name of the gene, and the empty string "" otherwise. This applies to samples that were hybridized to the chip after a reverse transcription step.

probeDirect: analogous to probeReverse, but for samples that were hybridized to the chip without a reverse transcription step. The probes map to the opposite chromosomal strand compared to experiments with reverse transcription.

1.+. index: indices (from 1...6553600, corresponding to the rows of davidTiling) of probes mapping to the Watson strand of chromosome 1.

1.+. start, 1.+. end: start and end positions in genomic coordinates of the alignments of the probes (in the same order as in 1.+. index) to the Watson strand of chromosome 1. For 25-mers, the values in 1.+. end are those in 1.+. start plus 24, but not all probes on the array are 25-mers.

1.-.unique: specificity of the probe:

0 has exactly one perfect match (PM) and no near-matches in the genome

1 has exactly one PM and some near-matches

2 has no PM but one or more near-matches

**3** has multiple PMs in the genome

1.-.index, 1.-.start, 1.-.end, 1.-.unique: analogous to the above, but for the Crick strand of chromosome 1. 2.+.index, 2.+.start, 2.+.end, 2.-.unique: analogous to the above, but for the Watson strand of chromosome 2; and so forth. "Chromosome 17" is mitochondrial DNA.

#### Usage

data("probeAnno")

#### Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

#### Source

Probe sequences were obtained from Affymetrix in a file called S.cerevisiae\_tiling.1lq. The genomic sequences of the S. cerevisiae chromosomes were downloaded from ftp://genome-ftp.stanford.edu/pub/yeas on 7 Aug 2005, 18:16 BST in 17 files chr01.fsa-chr16.fsa, and chrmt.fsa. The probe sequences were matched against the chromosomal sequencences with the program MUMmer, see the script mapProbesToGenome.sh (in the inst/scripts directory of this package). MUMmer results were parsed and processed into the probeAnno environment with the script makeProbeAnno.R (in the inst/scripts directory of this package).

4

## getAllGO

## Examples

```
data("probeAnno")
ls(probeAnno)
str(probeAnno$"1.+.start")
```

```
getAllG0
```

Get all GO categories for a list of genes.

## Description

The function uses the GO categories in the data.frame gff to obtain annotated GO categories, then the GO\*\*ANCESTOR data in the GO package to add all parent terms as well.

#### Usage

getAllGO(x, gff)

#### Arguments

х	character vector.
gff	data.frame with columns feature, Name, and (Ontology_term or attributes), see details

## Details

The elements of x are matched against the column gene in gff. All are required to match. A list of GO terms is then extracted from the corresponding rows in the Ontology\_term column. A gene may be annotated by several terms, separated by ",". Then the GO package is used to augment this by all ancestor terms.

#### Value

List of character vectors.

## Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

getAttributeField

Extract the value of a certain field out of a character vector such as in the "attributes" column of a GFF table.

## Description

Extract the value of a certain field out of a character vector such as in the "attributes" column of a GFF table.

#### Usage

getAttributeField(x, field, attrsep=";")

## Arguments

х	character vector.
field	character vector of length 1, containing the field name.
attrsep	character vector of length 1, containing the separator name.

## Details

See example.

## Value

Character vector.

#### Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

```
acol = c("ID=46891;Name=TEL01L-TR;Note=Bla",
  "ID=46892;Name=TEL01L;Note=Di",
  "ID=46893;Name=TEL01L-XR;Note=Bla")
getAttributeField(acol, "Name")
getAttributeField(acol, "ID")
```

GOHyperG

## Description

This function is adapted from the function of the same name in GOstats package. Main difference is that it draws the GO annotations of the genes in candidates from the data.frame gff. It also draws a plot.

#### Usage

GOHyperG(candidates, gff, plotmain)

## Arguments

candidates	character vector
gff	see getAllGO
plotmain	character, plot title

## Details

The elements of x are matched against the column gene in gff. All are required to match. A list of GO terms is then extracted from the corresponding rows in the Ontology\_term column. A gene may be annotated by several terms, separated by ",". Then the GO package is used to augment this by all ancestor terms.

#### Value

List of character vectors.

## Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

#### See Also

getAllGO

scatterWithHist

#### Description

Scatterplot with histograms of marginal distributions.

#### Usage

```
scatterWithHist(x, breaks, barcols, xlab, ylab, ...)
```

## Arguments

breaksnumeric vector with histogram breaks, see hist.barcolscharacter vector of length 2, colors for the histogram filling.xlabcharacterof length 1, label for x-axis.ylabcharacterof length 1, label for y-axisfurther arguments that get passed on to plot.	х	numeric matrix with 2 columns.
xlabcharacterof length 1, label for x-axis.ylabcharacterof length 1, label for y-axis.	breaks	numeric vector with histogram breaks, see hist.
ylab characterof length 1, label for y-axis.	barcols	character vector of length 2, colors for the histogram filling.
	xlab	characterof length 1, label for x-axis.
further arguments that get passed on to plot.	ylab	characterof length 1, label for y-axis.
		further arguments that get passed on to plot.

## Value

The function is called for its side effect.

## Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

```
x = rexp(100)
x = cbind(x, x+0.6*rnorm(length(x)))
scatterWithHist(x,
    breaks=seq(min(x),max(x),length=20),
    barcols=c("mistyrose", "lightblue"),
    xlab="Daffodil", ylab="Petunia", pch=16)
```

scoreSegments Score segments

## Description

Score the segments found by a previous call to findSegments by comparing to genome annotation

## Usage

```
scoreSegments(s, gff,
    nrBasePerSeg = 1500,
    probeLength = 25,
    params = c(overlapFraction = 0.5, oppositeWindow = 100, flankProbes=10),
    verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

S	environment. See details.
gff	GFF dataframe.
nrBasePerSeg	Numeric of length 1. This parameter determines the number of segments.
probeLength	Numeric of length 1.
params	vector of additional parameters, see details.
verbose	Logical.

## Details

This function scores segments. It is typically called after a *segmentation*. For an example segmentation script, see the script segment.R in the scripts directory of this package. For an example scoring script, which loads the data and then calls this function, see the script scoreSegments.R.

#### Value

A dataframe with columns as described in the details section.

## Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

showDens

## Description

Plot function for more than one density

## Usage

```
showDens(z, breaks, xat, xtickLabels=paste(xat), col, ylab = "", ...)
```

#### Arguments

Z	List: numeric vectors for computing histograms for
breaks	Numeric vector: breaks of the histogram
xat	Numeric vector: where to put the x-axis ticks
xtickLabels	Character vector: what to write underneath them
col	Character vector: colours of the histograms
ylab	Character scalar: y-axis label
	futher arguments passed on to plot

## Details

•••

## Value

returns scale factor

#### Author(s)

Wolfgang Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

#### See Also

hist

```
showDens(list(x1=runif(100), x2=exp(runif(50))-1, x3=runif(20)),
    breaks=seq(0, 2, 0.2), xat=seq(0, 2, 0.5), col=rainbow(3), xlab="Random Numbers")
```

yeastFeatures

## Description

The rows of the data frame correspond to feature categories, such as "gene", "CDS", "telomere". The column isTranscribed is a logical vector that denotes whether this feature category is considered to be transcribable.

## Usage

data(yeastFeatures)

## Format

A data.frame

## Author(s)

W. Huber <huber@ebi.ac.uk>

## Examples

data(yeastFeatures)

# Index

```
* datasets
    data:davidTiling, 2
    data:gff, 3
    data:probeAnno, 3
    yeastFeatures, 11
* hplot
    scatterWithHist, 8
    showDens, 10
* manip
    getAllGO, 5
    getAttributeField, 6
    GOHyperG, 7
    scoreSegments,9
{\tt AffyBatch, 2}
data:davidTiling, 2
data:gff, 3
data:probeAnno, 3
davidTiling, 4
davidTiling(data:davidTiling), 2
eSet, 2
getAllGO, 5, 7
getAttributeField, 6
gff (data:gff), 3
GOHyperG, 7
hist, 8, 10
phenoData, 2
plot, 8
probeAnno (data:probeAnno), 3
scatterWithHist, 8
scoreSegments, 9
showDens, 10
```

 ${\tt yeastFeatures}, 11$