

# Package ‘PIUMA’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Phenotypes Identification Using Mapper from topological data Analysis

**Version** 1.3.0

**Description** The PIUMA package offers a tidy pipeline of Topological Data Analysis frameworks to identify and characterize communities in high and heterogeneous dimensional data.

**License** GPL-3 + file LICENSE

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---

checkNetEntropy	<i>Compute the Network Entropy</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function computes the average of the entropies for each node of a network.

**Usage**

```
checkNetEntropy(outcome_vect)
```

**Arguments**

`outcome_vect` A vector containing the average outcome values for each node of a network.

**Details**

The average of the entropies is related to the amount of information stored in the network.

**Value**

The network entropy using each node of a network.

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

**See Also**

[makeTDAobj](#), [dfToDistance](#), [dfToProjection](#), [mapperCore](#), [jaccardMatrix](#), [tdaDfEnrichment](#)

**Examples**

```
# use example data:  
set.seed(1)  
entropy <- checkNetEntropy(round(runif(10),0))
```

---

checkScaleFreeModel    *Assessment of Scale-Free model fitting*

---

### Description

This function assesses the fitting to a scale-free net model.

### Usage

```
checkScaleFreeModel(x, showPlot = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

x	A TDAobj object, processed by the <a href="#">jaccardMatrix</a>
showPlot	Whether the plot has to be generated. Default: FALSE

### Details

The scale-free networks show a high negative correlation between  $k$  and  $p(k)$ .

### Value

A list containing:

- the estimated gamma value
- The correlation between the  $k$  and the degree distribution  $p(k)$ .
- The p-value of the correlation between the  $k$  and the degree distribution  $p(k)$ .
- The correlation between the logarithm (base 10) of  $k$  and the logarithm (base 10) of the degree distribution  $p(k)$ .
- The p-value of the correlation between the logarithm (base 10) of  $k$  and the logarithm (base 10) of the degree distribution  $p(k)$ .

### Author(s)

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

### See Also

[makeTDAobj](#), [dfToDistance](#), [dfToProjection](#), [mapperCore](#), [jaccardMatrix](#)

### Examples

```
## use example data:  
data(tda_test_data)  
#netModel <- checkScaleFreeModel(tda_test_data)
```

---

dfToDistance	<i>Compute the Distance Matrix from TDAobj</i>
--------------	------------------------------------------------

---

### Description

This function returns the distance matrix computed by using the Pearson's, Euclidean or Gower distance methods. The distances are computed between the rows of a data.frame in the classical form  $n \times m$ , where  $n$  (rows) are observations and  $m$  (columns) are features.

### Usage

```
dfToDistance(x, distMethod = c("euclidean", "gower", "pearson"))
```

### Arguments

x	A TDAobj object, generated by <a href="#">makeTDAobj</a> . Rows ( $n$ ) and columns ( $m$ ) should be, respectively, observations and features.
distMethod	The distance method to calculate the distance matrix. "euclidean", "gower" and "pearson" values are allowed. Default: "euclidean".

### Value

The starting TDAobj object, in which the computed distance matrix has been added (slot: 'dist\_mat')

### Author(s)

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

### See Also

[makeTDAobj](#)

### Examples

```
## use example data:  
data(tda_test_data)  
dfDist <- dfToDistance(tda_test_data, "euclidean")
```

dfToProjection

*Data projection using a Dimensionality Reduction Method***Description**

This function performs the transformation of data from a high dimensional space into a low dimensional space, wrapping 6 well-known reduction methods; i.e., PCA, KPCA, t-SNE, UMAP, MDS, and Isomap. In the topological data analysis, the identified components are commonly used as lenses.

**Usage**

```
dfToProjection(
  x,
  method = c("PCA", "UMAP", "TSNE", "MDS", "KPCA", "ISOMAP"),
  nComp = 2,
  centerPCA = FALSE,
  scalePCA = FALSE,
  umapNNeigh = 15,
  umapMinDist = 0.1,
  tsnePerpl = 30,
  tsneMaxIter = 300,
  kpcaKernel = c("rbfdot", "laplacedot", "polydot", "tanhdot", "besseldot", "anovadot",
    "vanilladot", "splinedot"),
  kpcaSigma = 0.1,
  kpcaDegree = 1,
  isomNNeigh = 5,
  showPlot = FALSE,
  vectColor = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

x	A TDAobj object, generated by <a href="#">makeTDAobj</a>
method	Name of the dimensionality reduction method to use. "PCA", "UMAP", "TSNE", "MDS", "KPCA" and "isomap" values are allowed. Default is: "PCA".
nComp	The number of components to be computed. Default: 2
centerPCA	Whether the data should be centered before PCA. Default:TRUE
scalePCA	Whether the data should be scaled before PCA. Default:TRUE
umapNNeigh	The number of neighbors for UMAP. Default: 15
umapMinDist	The minimum distance between points for UMAP. Default: 0.1
tsnePerpl	Perplexity argument of t-SNE. Default: 30
tsneMaxIter	The maximum number of iterations for t-SNE. Default: 300
kpcaKernel	The type of kernel for kPCA. "rbfdot", "laplacedot", "polydot", "tanhdot", "bessel-dot", "anovadot", "vanilladot" and "splinedot" are allowed. Default: "polydot".

kpcaSigma	The 'sigma' argument for kPCA. Default: 0.1.
kpcaDegree	The 'degree' argument for kPCA. Default: 1.
isomNNeigh	The number of neighbors for Isomap. Default: 5.
showPlot	Whether the scatter plot of the first two principal components should be shown. Default: TRUE.
vectColor	Vector containing the variable to color the scatter plot. Default: NULL.

**Value**

The starting TDAobj object, in which the principal components of projected data have been added (slot: 'comp')

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

**See Also**

[makeTDAobj](#), [dfToDistance](#)

**Examples**

```
# use example data:
data(tda_test_data)
set.seed(1)
cmp <- dfToProjection(tda_test_data, "PCA", nComp=2)
```

---

df_test_proj	<i>A dataset to test the <a href="#">dfToProjection</a> and <a href="#">dfToDistance</a> functions of PIUMA package.</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

A dataset to test the [dfToProjection](#) and [dfToDistance](#) functions of PIUMA package.

**Usage**

```
df_test_proj
```

**Format**

A data.frame containing 15 rows (cells) and 15 columns (genes)

**Value**

An example dataset for PIUMA package

---

getComp	<i>Getter method for the 'comp' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
---------	--------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the comp slot

**Usage**

```
getComp(x)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
getComp(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a data.frame with the comp data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

getDfMapper	<i>Getter method for the 'dfMapper' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
-------------	------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the dfMapper slot

**Usage**

```
getDfMapper(x)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
getDfMapper(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object



**Value**

a data.frame with the dfMapper data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
ex_out <- getDfMapper(tda_test_data)
```

---

getDistMat

*Getter method for the 'dist\_mat' slot of a TDAobj object.*

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the dist\_mat slot

**Usage**

```
getDistMat(x)

## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'
getDistMat(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a data.frame with the dist\_mat data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
ex_out <- getDistMat(tda_test_data)
```

---

getJacc	<i>Getter method for the 'jacc' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
---------	--------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the jacc slot

**Usage**

```
getJacc(x)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
getJacc(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a matrix with the jacc data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)  
ex_out <- getJacc(tda_test_data)
```

---

getNodeDataMat	<i>Getter method for the 'node_data_mat' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the node\_data\_mat slot

**Usage**

```
getNodeDataMat(x)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
getNodeDataMat(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a data.frame with the node\_data\_mat data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
ex_out <- getNodeDataMat(tda_test_data)
```

---

`getOrigData`                    *Getter method for the 'orig\_data' slot of a TDAobj object.*

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the orig\_data slot

**Usage**

```
getOrigData(x)

## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'
getOrigData(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a data.frame with the original data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
ex_out <- getOrigData(tda_test_data)
```

---

getOutcome	<i>Getter method for the 'outcome' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the outcome slot

**Usage**

```
getOutcome(x)

## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'
getOutcome(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a data.frame with the outcome data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
ex_out <- getOutcome(tda_test_data)
```

---

getOutcomeFact	<i>Getter method for the 'outcomeFact' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
----------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the outcomeFact slot

**Usage**

```
getOutcomeFact(x)

## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'
getOutcomeFact(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a data.frame with the outcomeFact data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
ex_out <- getOutcomeFact(tda_test_data)
```

---

`getScaledData`                    *Getter method for the 'scaled\_data' slot of a TDAobj object.*

---

**Description**

The method to get data from the scaled\_data slot

**Usage**

```
getScaledData(x)

## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'
getScaledData(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a TDAobj object

**Value**

a data.frame with the scaled data

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
ex_out <- getScaledData(tda_test_data)
```

---

`jaccardMatrix`*Compute the Matrix of Jaccard Indexes*

---

**Description**

This function computes the Jaccard index for each pair of nodes contained in TDAobj, generated by the [mapperCore](#) function. The resulting data.frame can be used to represent data as a network, for instance, in Cytoscape

**Usage**

```
jaccardMatrix(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    A TDAobj object, processed by the [mapperCore](#) function.

**Details**

The Jaccard index measures the similarity of two nodes A and B. It ranges from 0 to 1. If A and B share no members, their Jaccard index would be 0 (= NA). If A and B share all members, their Jaccard index would be 1. Hence, the higher the index, the more similar the two nodes. If the Jaccard index between A and B is different from NA, it means that an edge exists between A and B. The output matrix of Jaccard indexes can be used as an adjacency matrix. The resulting data.frame can be used to represent data as a network, for instance, in Cytoscape.

**Value**

The starting TDAobj object, in which the matrix of Jaccard indexes, calculated comparing each node of the 'dfMapper' slot, has been added (slot: 'jacc')

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

**See Also**

[makeTDAobj](#), [dfToDistance](#), [dfToProjection](#), [mapperCore](#)

**Examples**

```
## use example data:
data(tda_test_data)
jacc_mat <- jaccardMatrix(tda_test_data)
```

---

makeTDAobj	<i>Import data and generate the TDAobj object</i>
------------	---------------------------------------------------

---

### Description

This function import a data.frame and create the object to store all data needed for TDA analysis. In addition, some preliminary preprocess steps are performed; specifically, outcomes variables data will be separated the rest of dataset. The remaining dataset will be also re-scaled (0-1)

### Usage

```
makeTDAobj(df, outcomes)
```

### Arguments

df	A data.frame representing a dataset in the classical $n \times m$ form. Rows ( $n$ ) and columns ( $m$ ) should be, respectively, observations and features.
outcomes	A string or vector of string containing the name of variables that have to be considered 'outcomes'

### Value

A TDA object containing:

- orig\_data A data.frame of original data (without outcomes)
- scaled\_data A data.frame of re-scaled data (without outcomes)
- outcomeFact A data.frame of original outcomes
- outcome A data.frame of original outcomes converted as numeric
- comp A data.frame containing the components of projected data
- dist\_mat A data.frame containing the computed distance matrix
- dfMapper A data.frame containing the nodes, with their elements, identified by TDA
- jacc A matrix of Jaccard indexes between each pair of dfMapper nodes
- node\_data\_mat A data.frame with the node size and the average value

### Author(s)

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

### Examples

```
## use example data:  
data("vascEC_meta")  
data("vascEC_norm")  
df <- cbind(vascEC_meta, vascEC_norm)  
res <- makeTDAobj(df, "zone")
```

---

makeTDAobjFromSE      *Import SummarizedExperiment data and generate the TDAobj object*

---

### Description

This function import a SummarizedExperiment object and create the object to store all data needed for TDA analysis. In addition, some preliminary preprocess steps are performed; specifically, outcomes variables data will be separated the rest of dataset. The remaining dataset will be also re-scaled (0-1)

### Usage

```
makeTDAobjFromSE(SE, outcomes)
```

### Arguments

SE	A SummarizedExperiment object
outcomes	A string or vector of string containing the name of variables that have to be considered 'outcomes'

### Value

A TDA object containing:

- orig\_data A data.frame of original data (without outcomes)
- scaled\_data A data.frame of re-scaled data (without outcomes)
- outcomeFact A data.frame of original outcomes
- outcome A data.frame of original outcomes converted as numeric
- comp A data.frame containing the components of projected data
- dist\_mat A data.frame containing the computed distance matrix
- dfMapper A data.frame containing the nodes, with their elements, identified by TDA
- jacc A matrix of Jaccard indexes between each pair of dfMapper nodes
- node\_data\_mat A data.frame with the node size and the average value

### Author(s)

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

### Examples

```
## use example data:
data("vascEC_meta")
data("vascEC_norm")
suppressMessages(library(SummarizedExperiment))
dataSE <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=as.matrix(t(vascEC_norm)),
                              colData=as.data.frame(vascEC_meta))
res <- makeTDAobjFromSE(dataSE, "zone")
```



---

 mapperCore

*Implement the TDA Mapper algorithm on TDAobj*


---

### Description

This is a comprehensive function permitting to perform the core TDA Mapper algorithm with 2D lenses. It allow setting several types of clustering methods.

### Usage

```
mapperCore(
  x,
  nBins = 15,
  overlap = 0.4,
  mClustNode = 2,
  remEmptyNode = TRUE,
  clustMeth = c("kmeans", "HR", "DBSCAN", "OPTICS"),
  HRMethod = c("average", "complete")
)
```

### Arguments

x	A TDAobj object, processed by the <a href="#">dfToDistance</a> and <a href="#">dfToProjection</a> functions.
nBins	The number of bins (i.e. the resolution of the cover). Default: 15.
overlap	The overlap between bins (i.e.the gain of the cover). Default: 0.4.
mClustNode	The number of clusters in each overlapping bin. Default: 2
remEmptyNode	A logical value to remove or not the empty nodes from the resulting data.frame. Default: TRUE.
clustMeth	The clustering algorithm."HR", "kmeans", "DBSCAN", and "OPTICS" are allowed. Default: "kmeans".
HRMethod	The name of the linkage criterion (when clustMeth="HR"). "average" and "complete" values are allowed. Default: "average".

### Value

The starting TDAobj object, in which the result of mapper algorithm (inferred nodes with their elements) has been added (slot: 'dfMapper')

A data.frame containing the clusters, with their elements, identified by TDA .

### Author(s)

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

**See Also**

[makeTDAobj](#), [dfToDistance](#), [dfToProjection](#)

**Examples**

```
# use example data:
data(tda_test_data)
set.seed(1)
dfMapper <- mapperCore(tda_test_data, nBins=5, overlap=0.5,
mClustNode=2, clustMeth="kmeans")
```

---

PIUMA

*PIUMA: Phenotypes Identification Using Mapper from topological data Analysis*

---

**Description**

The application of unsupervised learning methodologies could help the identification of specific phenotypes in huge heterogeneous cohorts, such as clinical or -omics data. Among them, the Topological Data Analysis (TDA) is a rapidly growing field that combines concepts from algebraic topology and computational geometry to analyze and extract meaningful information from complex and high-dimensional data sets. Moreover, TDA is a robust and effective methodology, able to preserve the intrinsic characteristics of data and the mutual relations among observations, depicting complex data in a graph-based representation. Indeed, building topological models as networks, TDA allows complex diseases to be inspected in a continuous space, where subjects can fluctuate over the graph, sharing, at the same time, more than one adjacent node of the network. Overall, TDA offers a powerful set of tools to capture the underlying topological features of data, revealing essential patterns and relationships that might be hidden from traditional statistical techniques. The PIUMA package (Phenotypes Identification Using Mapper from topological data Analysis) allows implementing all the main steps of a Topological Data Analysis. PIUMA is the italian word meaning 'feather'.

**Details**

See the package vignette, by typing `vignette("PIUMA")` to discover all the functions.

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

---

setComp	<i>Setter method for the 'comp' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
---------	--------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to set the comp slot

**Usage**

```
setComp(x, y)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
setComp(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x	a TDAobj object
y	a data.frame with the comp data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setDfMapper	<i>Setter method for the 'dfMapper' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
-------------	------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to set the dfMapper slot

**Usage**

```
setDfMapper(x, y)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
setDfMapper(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x a TDAobj object  
y a data.frame with the dfMapper data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setDistMat	<i>Setter method for the 'dist_mat' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
------------	------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to set the dist\_mat slot

**Usage**

```
setDistMat(x, y)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
setDistMat(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x a TDAobj object  
y a data.frame with the dist\_mat data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setJacc	<i>Setter method for the 'jacc' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
---------	--------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to set the jacc slot

**Usage**

```
setJacc(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'
setJacc(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x	a TDAobj object
y	a matrix with the jacc data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setNodeDataMat	<i>Setter method for the 'node_data_mat' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to set the node\_data\_mat slot

**Usage**

```
setNodeDataMat(x, y)

## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'
setNodeDataMat(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x a TDAobj object  
y a data.frame with the node\_data\_mat data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setOrigData *Setter method for the 'orig\_data' slot of a TDAobj object.*

---

**Description**

The method to set the orig\_data slot

**Usage**

```
setOrigData(x, y)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
setOrigData(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x a TDAobj object  
y a data.frame with the original data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setOutcome	<i>Setter method for the 'outcome' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to set the outcome slot

**Usage**

```
setOutcome(x, y)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
setOutcome(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x	a TDAobj object
y	a data.frame with the outcome data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setOutcomeFact	<i>Setter method for the 'outcomeFact' slot of a TDAobj object.</i>
----------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

The method to set the outcomeFact slot

**Usage**

```
setOutcomeFact(x, y)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
setOutcomeFact(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x a TDAobj object  
y a data.frame with the outcomeFact data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```

---

setScaledData *Setter method for the 'scaled\_data' slot of a TDAobj object.*

---

**Description**

The method to set the scaled\_data slot

**Usage**

```
setScaledData(x, y)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'TDAobj'  
setScaledData(x, y)
```

**Arguments**

x a TDAobj object  
y a data.frame with the scaled data

**Value**

a TDAobj object

**Author(s)**

Mattia Chiesa

**Examples**

```
data(tda_test_data)
```



---

tdaDfEnrichment	<i>Add information to TDAobj</i>
-----------------	----------------------------------

---

### Description

This function computes the average value of additional features provided by the user and calculate the size for each node of 'dfMapper' slot

### Usage

```
tdaDfEnrichment(x, df)
```

### Arguments

x	A TDAobj object, processed by the <a href="#">mapperCore</a> function.
df	A data.frame with scaled values in the classical n x m form: rows (n) and columns (m) must be observations and features, respectively.

### Value

The starting TDAobj object, in which the a data.frame with additional information for each node has been added (slot: 'node\_data\_mat')

### Author(s)

Mattia Chiesa, Laura Ballarini, Luca Piacentini

### See Also

[makeTDAobj](#), [dfToDistance](#), [dfToProjection](#), [mapperCore](#), [jaccardMatrix](#)

### Examples

```
## use example data:  
data(tda_test_data)  
data(df_test_proj)  
enrich_mat_tda <- tdaDfEnrichment(tda_test_data, df_test_proj)
```

---

TDAobj-class	<i>The object 'TDAobj'</i>
--------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

The TDA object for storing TDA data

**Value**

TDAobj class showClass("TDAobj")

**Slots**

orig\_data A data.frame of original data (without outcomes)  
 scaled\_data A data.frame of re-scaled data (without outcomes)  
 outcomeFact A data.frame of original outcomes  
 outcome A data.frame of original outcomes converted as numeric  
 comp A data.frame containing the components of projected data  
 dist\_mat A data.frame containing the computed distance matrix  
 dfMapper A data.frame containing the nodes, with their elements, identified by TDA  
 jacc A matrix of Jaccard indexes between each pair of dfMapper nodes  
 node\_data\_mat A data.frame with the node size and the average value of each feature

---

tda_test_data	<i>A TDAobj to test the PIUMA package.</i>
---------------	--------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

A TDAobj to test the PIUMA package.

**Usage**

tda\_test\_data

**Format**

A TDAobj with data in all slots

**Value**

An example dataset for PIUMA package

---

`vascEC_meta`*Example datasets for PIUMA package*

---

**Description**

We tested PIUMA on a subset of the single-cell RNA Sequencing dataset (GSE:GSE193346 generated and published by Feng et al. (2022) on Nature Communication to demonstrate that distinct transcriptional profiles are present in specific cell types of each heart chambers, which were attributed to have roles in cardiac development. In this tutorial, our aim will be to exploit PIUMA for identifying sub-population of vascular endothelial cells, which can be associated with specific heart developmental stages. The original dataset consisted of three layers of heterogeneity: cell type, stage and zone (i.e., heart chamber). Our testing dataset was obtained by subsetting vascular endothelial cells (cell type) by Seurat object, extracting raw counts and metadata. Thus, we filtered low expressed genes and normalized data by DaMiRseq

**Usage**`vascEC_meta`**Format**

A dataframe containing 1180 rows (cells) and 2 columns (outcomes)

**Value**

An example dataset for PIUMA package

---

`vascEC_norm`

*We tested PIUMA on a subset of the single-cell RNA Sequencing dataset (GSE:GSE193346 generated and published by Feng et al. (2022) on Nature Communication to demonstrate that distinct transcriptional profiles are present in specific cell types of each heart chambers, which were attributed to have roles in cardiac development. In this tutorial, our aim will be to exploit PIUMA for identifying sub-population of vascular endothelial cells, which can be associated with specific heart developmental stages. The original dataset consisted of three layers of heterogeneity: cell type, stage and zone (i.e., heart chamber). Our testing dataset was obtained by subsetting vascular endothelial cells (cell type) by Seurat object, extracting raw counts and metadata. Thus, we filtered low expressed genes and normalized data by DaMiRseq*

---

**Description**

We tested PIUMA on a subset of the single-cell RNA Sequencing dataset (GSE:GSE193346 generated and published by Feng et al. (2022) on Nature Communication to demonstrate that distinct transcriptional profiles are present in specific cell types of each heart chambers, which were attributed to have roles in cardiac development. In this tutorial, our aim will be to exploit PIUMA for identifying sub-population of vascular endothelial cells, which can be associated with specific heart developmental stages. The original dataset consisted of three layers of heterogeneity: cell type, stage and zone (i.e., heart chamber). Our testing dataset was obtained by subsetting vascular endothelial cells (cell type) by Seurat object, extracting raw counts and metadata. Thus, we filtered low expressed genes and normalized data by DaMiRseq

**Usage**

```
vascEC_norm
```

**Format**

A matrix containing 1180 rows (cells) and 838 columns (genes)

**Value**

An example dataset for PIUMA package

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