

# Package ‘MicrobiotaProcess’

March 30, 2021

**Type** Package

**Title** an R package for analysis, visualization and biomarker discovery of microbiome

**Version** 1.2.1

**Description** MicrobiotaProcess is an R package for analysis, visualization and biomarker discovery of microbial datasets. It supports calculating alpha index and provides functions to visualize rarefaction curves. Moreover, it also supports visualizing the abundance of taxonomy of samples. And It also provides functions to perform the PCA, PCoA and hierarchical cluster analysis. In addition, MicrobiotaProcess also provides a method for the biomarker discovery of metagenome or other datasets.

**Depends** R (>= 4.0.0)

**Imports** ape, plyr, tidyr, ggplot2, phyloseq, magrittr, dplyr, Biostrings, ggrepel, vegan, reshape, zoo, ggtree, tidytree, gtools, MASS, methods, rlang, tibble, grDevices, stats, utils, coin, ggsignif, Rmisc, patchwork, ggstar

**Suggests** DT, prettydoc, treeio, tidyverse, testthat, knitr, nlme, phangorn, DECIPHER, randomForest, biomformat, scales, yaml

**License** GPL (>= 3.0)

**URL** <https://github.com/YuLab-SMU/MicrobiotaProcess/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/YuLab-SMU/MicrobiotaProcess/issues>

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**ByteCompile** true

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** false

**biocViews** Visualization, Microbiome, Software, MultipleComparison, FeatureExtraction

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**git\_url** <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/MicrobiotaProcess>

**git\_branch** RELEASE\_3\_12

**git\_last\_commit** 9140254

**git\_last\_commit\_date** 2021-03-23

**Date/Publication** 2021-03-29

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---

alphasample-class	<i>alphasample class</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

alphasample class

**Slots**

alpha data.frame contained alpha metrics of samples  
sampleda associated sample information

---

as.data.frame.diffAnalysisClass	<i>get the table of diffAnalysisClass</i>
---------------------------------	---

---

**Description**

get the table of diffAnalysisClass

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'diffAnalysisClass'
as.data.frame(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'alphasample'
as.data.frame(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'diffAnalysisClass'
as.data.frame(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'alphasample'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                   object, diffAnalysisClass  
...,                 additional parameters

**Value**

a data.frame contained results of diff\_analysis

**Examples**

```

data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc,rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, lda=3)
restab <- as.data.frame(diffres)
head(restab)

```

---

```
as.treedata.taxonomyTable
```

```
as.treedata
```

---

**Description**

convert taxonomyTable to treedata

**Usage**

```

## S3 method for class 'taxonomyTable'
as.treedata(tree, ...)

```

**Arguments**

tree	object, This is for taxonomyTable class, so it should be a taxonomyTable.
...	additional parameters.

**Examples**

```

data(test_otu_data)
tree <- as.treedata(phyloseq::tax_table(test_otu_data))

```

---

```
build_tree
```

```
building tree
```

---

**Description**

The function can be used to building tree.

**Usage**

```

build_tree(seqs, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'DNAStrngSet'
build_tree(seqs, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'DNAbin'
build_tree(seqs, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
build_tree(seqs, ...)

```

**Arguments**

```

seqs          DNAStrngSet or DNAbin, the object of R.
...,          additional parameters, see also AlignSeqs.

```

**Value**

the phylo class of tree.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

seqtabfile <- system.file("extdata", "seqtab.nochim.rds",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
seqtab <- readRDS(seqtabfile)
refseq <- colnames(seqtab)
names(refseq) <- paste0("OTU_", seq_len(length(refseq)))
# refseq <- Biostrings::DNAStrngSet(refseq)
# tree <- build_tree(refseq)
# or
# tree <- build_tree(refseq)

```

---

clustplotClass-class    *clustplotClass class*

---

**Description**

clustplotClass class

**Slots**

hclustphylo phylo object (convert hclust to phylo).  
sampledata associated sample information.  
distmethod character the method of dist.

---

convert_to_treedata	<i>convert dataframe contained hierarchical relationship or other classes to treedata class</i>
---------------------	---

---

**Description**

convert dataframe contained hierarchical relationship or other classes to treedata class

**Usage**

```
convert_to_treedata(data, type = "species", ...)
```

**Arguments**

data	data.frame, such like the tax_table of phyloseq.
type	character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, #' such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others".
...,	additional parameters.

**Value**

treedata class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(hmp_aerobiosis_small)
head(taxda)
treedat <- convert_to_treedata(taxda)
```

---

data-hmp_aerobiosis_small	<i>(Data) Small subset of the HMP 16S dataset</i>
---------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Contained three datasets, featuredata, sampledata, taxda featuredata contained 55 samples (nrow) and 1091 features (ncol) sampledata contained 55 samples from 6 body sites of 10 subjects. taxda contained 699 taxonomy by 6 rank. This datasets were built from the LEfSe.[http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/webfm\\_send/129](http://huttenhower.sph.harvard.edu/webfm_send/129)

**Examples**

```
data(hmp_aerobiosis_small)
```

---

data-kostic2012crc      *(Data) Genomic analysis identifies association of Fusobacterium with colorectal carcinoma (2012)*

---

### Description

This dataset was from the a study on colorectal cancer, published in Genome Research (2012). This dataset had been removed samples with less than 500 reads, contained 91 Control and 86 Tumors. And It is belong to phyloseq class, contained otu\_table and sample\_data.

### Examples

```
data(kostic2012crc)
```

---

data-test\_otu\_data      *(Data) simulated dataset.*

---

### Description

This dataset was simulated. And it also was phyloseq class, contained otu\_table and sample\_data

### Examples

```
data(test_otu_data)
```

---

diffAnalysisClass-class  
*diffAnalysisClass class*

---

### Description

diffAnalysisClass class

### Slots

originalD original feature data.frame.

sampleda associated sample information.

taxda the data.frame contained taxonomy.

kwres the results of first test, contained feature names, pvalue and fdr.

secondvars the results of second test, contained features names, gfc (TRUE representation the relevant features is enriched in relevant factorNames), Freq(the number of TRUE or FALSE), factorNames.

mlres the results of LDA or randomForest,

someparams, some arguments will be used in other functions [diff\\_analysis](#)

---

diff\_analysis                      *Differential expression analysis*

---

## Description

Differential expression analysis

## Usage

```
diff_analysis(obj, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
diff_analysis(  
  obj,  
  sampleda,  
  classgroup,  
  subclass = NULL,  
  taxda = NULL,  
  alltax = TRUE,  
  standard_method = NULL,  
  mlfun = "lda",  
  ratio = 0.7,  
  firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",  
  padjust = "fdr",  
  filtermod = "pvalue",  
  firstalpha = 0.05,  
  strictmod = TRUE,  
  fcfun = "generalizedFC",  
  secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",  
  clmin = 5,  
  clwilc = TRUE,  
  secondalpha = 0.05,  
  subclmin = 3,  
  subclwilc = TRUE,  
  ldascore = 2,  
  normalization = 1e+06,  
  bootnums = 30,  
  ci = 0.95,  
  type = "species",  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'  
diff_analysis(obj, ...)
```

## Arguments

obj                      object, a phyloseq class contained otu\_table, sample\_data, taxda, or data.frame,  
                          nrow sample \* ncol features.  
...,                      additional parameters.



sampleda	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factor, the sample names of sampleda and data should be the same.
classgroup	character, the factor name in sampleda.
subclass	character, the factor name in sampleda, default is NULL, meaning no subclass compare.
taxda	data.frame, the classification of the feature in data. default is NULL.
alltax	logical, whether to set all classification as features if taxda is not NULL, default is TRUE.
standard_method	character, the method of standardization, see also <a href="#">decostrand</a> , default is NULL, it represents that the relative abundance of taxonomy will be used. If count was set, it represents the count reads of taxonomy will be used.
mlfun	character, the method for calculating the effect size of features, choose "lda" or "rf", default is "lda".
ratio	numeric, range from 0 to 1, the proportion of samples for calculating the effect size of features, default is 0.7.
firstcomfun	character, the method for first test, "oneway.test" for normal distributions, suggested choosing "kruskal.test" for uneven distributions, default is "kruskal.test", or you can use lm, glm, or glm.nb (for negative binomial distribution), or 'kruskal_test', 'oneway_test' of 'coin'.
padjust	character, the correction method, default is "fdr".
filtermod	character, the method to filter, default is "pvalue".
firstalpha	numeric, the alpha value for the first test, default is 0.05.
strictmod	logical, whether to performed in one-against-one, default is TRUE (strict).
fcfun	character, default is "generalizedFC", it can't be set another at the present time.
secondcomfun	character, the method for one-against-one, default is "wilcox.test" for uneven distributions, or 'wilcox_test' of 'coin', or you can also use 'lm', 'glm', 'glm.nb'(for negative binomial distribution in 'MASS').
clmin	integer, the minimum number of samples per classgroup for performing test, default is 5.
clwilc	logical, whether to perform test of per classgroup, default is TRUE.
secondalpha	numeric, the alpha value for the second test, default is 0.05.
subclmin	integer, the minimum number of samples per subclass for performing test, default is 3.
subclwilc	logical, whether to perform test of per subclass, default is TRUE, meaning more strict.
ldascore	numeric, the threshold on the absolute value of the logarithmic LDA score, default is 2.
normalization	integer, set the normalization value, set a big number if to get more meaningful values for the LDA score, or you can set NULL for no normalization, default is 1000000.
bootnums	integer, set the number of bootstrap iteration for lda or rf, default is 30.
ci	numeric, the confidence interval of effect size (LDA or MDA), default is 0.95.
type	character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others".

**Value**

diff\_analysis class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc, rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
  mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
  firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
  firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
  secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
  subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
  secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)
```

---

drop\_taxa

*Dropping Species with Few abundance and Few Occurrences*

---

**Description**

Drop species or features from the feature data frame or phyloseq that occur fewer than or equal to a threshold number of occurrences and fewer abundance than to a threshold abundance.

**Usage**

```
drop_taxa(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
drop_taxa(obj, minocc = 0, minabu = 0, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
drop_taxa(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	object, phyloseq or a dataframe of species (n_sample, n_feature).
...,	additional parameters.
minocc	numeric, the threshold number of occurrences to be dropped, if < 1.0, it will be the threshold ratios of occurrences, default is 0.
minabu	numeric, the threshold abundance, if fewer than the threshold will be dropped, default is 0.

**Value**

dataframe of new features.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t",
                  header=TRUE, row.names=1,
                  check.names=FALSE, skip=1,
                  comment.char="")
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
otuda <- data.frame(t(otuda), check.names=FALSE)
dim(otuda)
otudat <- drop_taxa(otuda, minocc=0.1, minabu=1)
dim(otudat)
data(test_otu_data)
keepps <- drop_taxa(test_otu_data, minocc=0.1, minabu=0)

```

---

generalizedFC

*generalized fold change*

---

**Description**

calculate the mean difference in a set of predefined quantiles of the logarithmic

**Usage**

```
generalizedFC(x, ...)
```

```
## Default S3 method:
```

```
generalizedFC(x, y, base = 10, steps = 0.05, pseudo = 1e-05, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'formula'
```

```
generalizedFC(x, data, subset, na.action, ...)
```

**Arguments**

**x** numeric vector, numeric vector of data values or formula, example 'Ozone ~ Month', Ozone is a numeric variable giving the data values 'Month' a factor giving the corresponding groups.

**...** additional arguments.

**y** numeric vector, numeric vector of data values

**base** a positive or complex number, the base with respect to which logarithms are computed, default is 10.

**steps** positive numeric, increment of the sequence, default is 0.05.

**pseudo** positive numeric, avoid the zero for logarithmic, default is 0.00001.

data	data.frame, an optional matrix or data frame, containing the variables in the formula.
subset	(similar: see 'wilcox.test') an optional vector specifying a subset of observations to be used.
na.action	a function which indicates what should happen when the data, contain 'NA's. Defaults to 'getOption("na.action")'.

**Value**

list contained gfc, the mean and median of different group.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
set.seed(1024)
data <- data.frame(A=rnorm(1:10, mean=5),
                  B=rnorm(2:11, mean=6),
                  group=c(rep("case", 5), rep("control", 5)))
generalizedFC(B ~ group, data=data)
generalizedFC(x=c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5), y=c(3, 4, 5, 6, 7))
```

---

get_alphaindex	<i>alpha index</i>
----------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

calculate the alpha index (Observed, Chao1, Shannon, Simpson) of sample with [diversity](#)

**Usage**

```
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
get_alphaindex(obj, mindepth, sampled, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'integer'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_alphaindex(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj                    object, data.frame of (nrow sample \* ncol taxonomy(feature)) or phyloseq.  
 ...                    additional arguments.  
 mindpth                numeric, Subsample size for rarefying community.  
 sampleda               data.frame, sample information, row sample \* column factors.

**Value**

data.frame contained alpha Index.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
library(tidyverse)
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
  package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t",
  header=TRUE, row.names=1,
  check.names=FALSE, skip=1, comment.char="")
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)] %>% t() %>%
  data.frame(check.names=FALSE)
set.seed(1024)
alphatab <- get_alphaindex(otuda)
head(as.data.frame(alphatab))
data(test_otu_data)
class(test_otu_data)
set.seed(1024)
alphatab2 <- get_alphaindex(test_otu_data)
head(as.data.frame(alphatab2))
```

---

get\_clust

*Hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples*

---

**Description**

Hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples

**Usage**

```
get_clust(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'dist'
get_clust(obj, distmethod, sampleda = NULL, hclustmethod = "average", ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
get_clust(
  obj,
  distmethod = "euclidean",
```

```

    taxa_are_rows = FALSE,
    sampleda = NULL,
    tree = NULL,
    method = "hellinger",
    hclustmethod = "average",
    ...
)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
get_clust(
  obj,
  distmethod = "euclidean",
  method = "hellinger",
  hclustmethod = "average",
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

obj	phyloseq, phyloseq class or dist class, or data.frame, data.frame, default is nrow samples * ncol features.
...	additional parameters.
distmethod	character, the method of dist, when the obj is data.frame or phyloseq default is "euclidean". see also <a href="#">get_dist</a> .
sampleda	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factor. default is NULL.
hclustmethod	character, the method of hierarchical cluster, default is average.
taxa_are_rows	logical, if the features of data.frame(obj) is in column, it should set FALSE.
tree	phylo, the phylo class, see also <a href="#">as.phylo</a> .
method	character, the standardization methods for community ecologists, see also <a href="#">decostand</a>

### Value

clustplotClass object.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```

#don't run in examples
#library(phyloseq)
#data(GlobalPatterns)
#subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
#      SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
# don't run in examples
#hcsample <- get_clust(subGlobal, distmethod="jaccard",
#      method="hellinger", hclustmethod="average")

```

---

get_coord.pcoa	<i>get ordination coordinates.</i>
----------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

get ordination coordinates.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'pcoa'
get_coord(obj, pc)

get_coord(obj, pc)

## S3 method for class 'prcomp'
get_coord(obj, pc)
```

**Arguments**

obj	object,prcomp class or pcoa class
pc	integer vector, the component index.

**Value**

ordplotClass object.

**Examples**

```
require(graphics)
data(USArrests)
pcares <- prcomp(USArrests, scale = TRUE)
coordtab <- get_coord(pcares,pc=c(1, 2))
coordtab2 <- get_coord(pcares, pc=c(2, 3))
```

---

get_count	<i>calculate the count or relative abundance of replicate element with a specify column</i>
-----------	---

---

**Description**

Calculate the count or relative abundance of replicate element with a specify columns

**Usage**

```
get_count(data, featurelist)

get_ratio(data, featurelist)
```

**Arguments**

`data`                dataframe; a dataframe contained one character column and others is numeric, if featurelist is NULL. Or a numeric dataframe, if featurelist is non't NULL, all columns should be numeric.

`featurelist`        dataframe; a dataframe contained one character column, default is NULL.

**Value**

mean of data.frame by featurelist

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata",
                        "sample_info.txt", package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t", header=TRUE,
                  row.names=1, check.names=FALSE,
                  skip=1, comment.char="")
sampleda <- read.table(samplefile,
                  sep="\t", header=TRUE, row.names=1)
taxdf <- otuda[!sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
taxdf <- split_str_to_list(taxdf)
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
phycount <- get_count(otuda, taxdf[,2,drop=FALSE])
phyratios <- get_ratio(otuda, taxdf[,2,drop=FALSE])
```

---

get\_dist

*calculate distance*

---

**Description**

calculate distance

**Usage**

```
get_dist(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
get_dist(
  obj,
  distmethod = "euclidean",
  taxa_are_rows = FALSE,
  sampleda = NULL,
  tree = NULL,
  method = "hellinger",
  ...
)
```



```
## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
get_dist(obj, distmethod = "euclidean", method = "hellinger", ...)
```

### Arguments

obj	phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame nrow sample * ncol feature.
...	additional parameters.
distmethod	character, default is "euclidean", see also <a href="#">distanceMethodList</a>
taxa_are_rows	logical, default is FALSE.
sampledata	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factors.
tree	object, the phylo class, see also <a href="#">as.phylo</a> .
method	character, default is hellinger, see also <a href="#">decostand</a>

### Value

distance class contained distmethod and originalD attr

### See Also

[distance](#)

### Examples

```
data(test_otu_data)
distclass <- get_dist(test_otu_data)
hcsample <- get_clust(distclass)
```

---

get_mean_median	<i>get the mean and median of specific feature.</i>
-----------------	---

---

### Description

get the mean and median of specific feature.

### Usage

```
get_mean_median(datameta, feature, subclass)
```

### Arguments

datameta	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol feature + factor.
feature	character vector, the feature contained in datameta.
subclass	character, factor name.

### Value

featureMeanMedian object, contained the abundance of feature, and the mean and median of feature by subclass.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

data(hmp_aerobiosis_small)
head(sampleda)
featureda <- merge(featureda, sampleda, by=0)
rownames(featureda) <- as.vector(featureda$Row.names)
featureda$Row.names <- NULL
feameamed <- get_mean_median(datameta=featureda,
                             feature="p__Actinobacteria",
                             subclass="body_site")
#not run in example
#fplot <- ggdiffntaxbar(feameamed, featurename="p__Actinobacteria",
#                        classgroup="oxygen_availability", subclass="body_site")

```

---

`get_pca`*Performs a principal components analysis*

---

**Description**

Performs a principal components analysis

**Usage**

```

get_pca(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
get_pca(obj, sampleda = NULL, method = "hellinger", ...)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
get_pca(obj, method = "hellinger", ...)

```

**Arguments**

<code>obj</code>	phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame shape of data.frame is nrow sample * ncol feature.
<code>...</code>	additional parameters, see <a href="#">prcomp</a> .
<code>sampleda</code>	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factors.
<code>method</code>	character, the standardization methods for community ecologists. see <a href="#">decostand</a> .

**Value**

pcasample class, contained prcomp class and sample information.

**Examples**

```
# don't run in examples
#library(phyloseq)
#data(GlobalPatterns)
#subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
#                             SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
#pcares <- get_pca(subGlobal, method="hellinger")
#pcaplot <- ggordpoint(pcares, biplot=TRUE,
#                      #                             speciesannot=TRUE,
#                      #                             factorNames=c("SampleType"), ellipse=TRUE)
```

---

get_pcoa	<i>performs principal coordinate analysis (PCoA)</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

performs principal coordinate analysis (PCoA)

**Usage**

```
get_pcoa(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
get_pcoa(
  obj,
  distmethod = "euclidean",
  taxa_are_rows = FALSE,
  sampleda = NULL,
  tree = NULL,
  method = "hellinger",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'dist'
get_pcoa(
  obj,
  distmethod,
  data = NULL,
  sampleda = NULL,
  method = "hellinger",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
get_pcoa(obj, distmethod = "euclidean", ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	phyloseq, the phyloseq class or dist class.
...	additional parameter, see also <a href="#">get_dist</a> .
distmethod	character, the method of distance, see also <a href="#">distance</a>

taxa_are_rows	logical, if feature of data is column, it should be set FALSE.
sampleda	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factor, default is NULL.
tree	phylo, the phylo class, default is NULL, when use unifracs method, it should be required.
method	character, the standardization method for community ecologists, default is hellinger, if the data has be normlized, it should be set NULL.
data	data.frame, numeric data.frame nrow sample * ncol features.

**Value**

pcasample object, contained prcomp or pcoa and sampleda (data.frame).

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
library(phyloseq)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
                             SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
#pcoares <- get_pcoa(subGlobal,
#                    distmethod="euclidean",
#                    method="hellinger")
# pcoaplot <- ggordpoint(pcoares, biplot=FALSE,
#                        speciesannot=FALSE,
#                        factorNames=c("SampleType"),
#                        ellipse=FALSE)
```

---

get\_pvalue

*Methods for computation of the p-value*

---

**Description**

Methods for computation of the p-value

**Usage**

```
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'htest'
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'lme'
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'negbin'
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'ScalarIndependenceTest'
```

```
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'QuadTypeIndependenceTest'
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'lm'
get_pvalue(obj)

## S3 method for class 'glm'
get_pvalue(obj)
```

### Arguments

obj                    object, such as htest, lm, negbin ScalarIndependenceTest class.

### Value

pvalue.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```
library(nlme)
lmeres <- lme(distance ~ Sex,data=Orthodont)
pvalue <- get_pvalue(lmeres)
```

---

get\_rarecurve                    *obtain the result of rare curve*

---

### Description

generate the result of rare curve.

### Usage

```
get_rarecurve(obj, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'

```
get_rarecurve(obj, sampled, factorLevels = NULL, chunks = 400)
```

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'

```
get_rarecurve(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	phyloseq class or data.frame shape of data.frame (nrow sample * ncol feature)
...	additional parameters.
sampleda	data.frame, (nrow sample * ncol factor)
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
chunks	integer, the number of subsample in a sample, default is 400.

**Details**

This function is designed to calculate the rare curve result of otu table the result can be visualized by 'ggrarecurve'.

**Value**

rarecurve class, which can be visualized by ggrarecurve

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(test_otu_data)
set.seed(1024)
res <- get_rarecurve(test_otu_data, chunks=200)
p <- ggrarecurve(obj=res,
                 indexNames=c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
                 shadow=FALSE,
                 factorNames="Group")
```

---

get\_sampledflist      *Generate random data list from a original data.*

---

**Description**

Generate random data list from a original data.

**Usage**

```
get_sampledflist(dalist, bootnums = 30, ratio = 0.7, makerownames = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

dalist	list, a list contained multi data.frame.
bootnums	integer, the number of bootstrap iteration, default is 30.
ratio	numeric, the ratios of each data.frame to keep.
makerownames	logical, whether build row.names,default is FALSE.

**Value**

the list contained the data.frame generated by bootstrap iteration.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(iris)
irislist <- split(iris, iris$Species)
set.seed(1024)
irislist <- get_sampledflist(irislist)
```

---

get_taxadf	<i>get the data of specified taxonomy</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

get the data of specified taxonomy

**Usage**

```
get_taxadf(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_taxadf(obj, taxlevel = 2, type = "species", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_taxadf(
  obj,
  taxda,
  taxa_are_rows,
  taxlevel,
  sampleda = NULL,
  type = "species",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

obj	phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame the shape of data.frame (nrow sample * column feature taxa_are_rows set FALSE, nrow feature * ncol sample, taxa_are_rows set TRUE).
...	additional parameters.
taxlevel	character, the column names of taxda that you want to get. when the input is phyloseq class, you can use 1 to 7.
type	character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others".
taxda	data.frame, the classifies of feature contained in obj(data.frame).
taxa_are_rows	logical, if the column of data.frame are features, it should be set FALSE.
sampleda	data.frame, the sample information.

**Value**

phyloseq class contained tax data.frame and sample information.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
data(test_otu_data)
phytax <- get_taxadf(test_otu_data, taxlevel=2)
phytax
head(phyloseq::otu_table(phytax))
phybar <- ggbartax(phytax) +
  xlab(NULL) + ylab("relative abundance (%)")
```

---

get\_upset

*generate the dataset for upset of UpSetR*

---

**Description**

generate the dataset for upset of UpSetR

**Usage**

```
get_upset(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_upset(obj, sampledata, factorNames, threshold = 0)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_upset(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	object, phyloseq or data.frame, if it is data.frame, the shape of it should be row sample * columns features.
...,	additional parameters.
sampledata	data.frame, if the obj is data.frame, the sampledata should be provided.
factorNames	character, the column names of factor in sampledata
threshold	integer, default is 0.

**Value**

a data.frame for the input of 'upset' of 'UpSetR'.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu



**Examples**

```

data(test_otu_data)
upsetda <- get_upset(test_otu_data, factorNames="group")
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata", "sample_info.txt",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t", header=TRUE,
                  row.names=1, check.names=FALSE,
                  skip=1, comment.char="")
sampleda <- read.table(samplefile, sep="\t",
                      header=TRUE, row.names=1)

head(sampleda)
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
otuda <- data.frame(t(otuda), check.names=FALSE)
head(otuda[1:5, 1:5])
upsetda2 <- get_upset(obj=otuda, sampleda=sampleda,
                    factorNames="group")
#Then you can use `upset` of `UpSetR` to visualize the results.
#library(UpSetR)
#upset(upsetda, sets=c("B","D","M","N"), sets.bar.color = "#56B4E9",
#      order.by = "freq", empty.intersections = "on")

```

---

get\_varct.pcoa

*get the contribution of variables*


---

**Description**

get the contribution of variables

**Usage**

```

## S3 method for class 'pcoa'
get_varct(obj, ...)

get_varct(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'prcomp'
get_varct(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'pcasample'
get_varct(obj, ...)

```

**Arguments**

obj                   prcomp class or pcasample class  
...                   additional parameters.

**Value**

the VarContrib class, contained the contribution and coordinate of features.

**Examples**

```
library(phyloseq)
data(GlobalPatterns)
subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
  SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
#pcares <- get_pca(subGlobal, method="hellinger")
#varres <- get_varct(pcares)
```

---

get_vennlist	<i>generate a vennlist for VennDiagram</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

generate a vennlist for VennDiagram

**Usage**

```
get_vennlist(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'phyloseq'
get_vennlist(obj, factorNames, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
get_vennlist(obj, sampleinfo = NULL, factorNames = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame a dataframe contained one character column and the others are numeric. or all columns should be numeric if sampleinfo isn't NULL.
...,	additional parameters
factorNames	character, a column name of sampleinfo, when sampleinfo isn't NULL, factorNames shouldn't be NULL, default is NULL, when the input is phyloseq, the factorNames should be provided.
sampleinfo	dataframe; a sample information, default is NULL.

**Value**

return a list for VennDiagram.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

data(test_otu_data)
vennlist <- get_vennlist(test_otu_data,
                        factorNames="group")

vennlist
#library(VennDiagram)
#venn.diagram(vennlist, height=5,
#             width=5, filename = "./test_venn.pdf",
#             alpha = 0.85, fontfamily = "serif",
#             fontface = "bold", cex = 1.2,
#             cat.cex = 1.2, cat.default.pos = "outer",
#             cat.dist = c(0.22,0.22,0.12,0.12),
#             margin = 0.1, lwd = 3,
#             lty = 'dotted',
#             imagetype = "pdf")

```

---

ggbartax

*taxonomy barplot*


---

**Description**

taxonomy barplot

**Usage**

```

ggbartax(obj, ...)

ggbartaxa(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
ggbartax(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
ggbartax(
  obj,
  mapping = NULL,
  position = "stack",
  stat = "identity",
  width = 0.7,
  topn = 30,
  count = FALSE,
  sampled = NULL,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  sampleLevels = NULL,
  facetNames = NULL,
  plotgroup = FALSE,
  groupfun = mean,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

obj	phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame, (nrow sample * ncol feature (factor)) or the data.frame for geom_bar.
...	additional parameters, see <a href="#">ggplot</a>
mapping	set of aesthetic mapping of ggplot2, default is NULL, if the data is the data.frame for geom_bar, the mapping should be set.
position	character, default is 'stack'.
stat	character, default is 'identity'.
width	numeric, the width of bar, default is 0.7.
topn	integer, the top number of abundance taxonomy(feature).
count	logical, whether show the relative abundance.
sampleda	data.frame, (nrow sample * ncol factor), the sample information, if the data doesn't contain the information.
factorLevels	vector or list, the levels of the factors (contained names e.g. list(group=c("B","A","C")) or c(group=c("B","A","C"))), adjust the order of facet, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
sampleLevels	vector, adjust the order of x axis e.g. c("sample2", "sample4", "sample3"), default is NULL.
facetNames	character, default is NULL.
plotgroup	logical, whether calculate the mean or median etc for each group, default is FALSE.
groupfun	character, how to calculate for feature in each group, the default is 'mean', this will plot the mean of feature in each group.

**Value**

barplot of tax

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
data(test_otu_data)
otubar <- ggbartax(test_otu_data) +
  xlab(NULL) + ylab("relative abundance(%)")
```

ggbox

*A box or violin plot with significance test***Description**

A box or violin plot with significance test

**Usage**

```
ggbox(obj, factorNames, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
ggbox(
  obj,
  sampleda,
  factorNames,
  indexNames,
  geom = "boxplot",
  factorLevels = NULL,
  compare = TRUE,
  testmethod = "wilcox.test",
  signifmap = FALSE,
  p_textsize = 2,
  step_increase = 0.1,
  boxwidth = 0.2,
  facetnrow = 1,
  controlgroup = NULL,
  comparelist = NULL,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'alphasample'
ggbox(obj, factorNames, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	object, <code>alphasample</code> or <code>data.frame</code> (row sample x column features).
factorNames	character, the names of factor contained in <code>sampleda</code> .
...	additional arguments, see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> .
sampleda	<code>data.frame</code> , sample information if <code>obj</code> is <code>data.frame</code> , the <code>sampleda</code> should be provided.
indexNames	character, the vector character, should be the names of features contained object.
geom	character, "boxplot" or "violin", default is "boxplot".
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is <code>NULL</code> , if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
compare	logical, whether test the features among groups, default is <code>TRUE</code> .
testmethod	character, the method of test, default is 'wilcox.test'. see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> .
signifmap	logical, whether the pvalue are directly written a annotaion or asterisks are used instead, default is (pvalue) <code>FALSE</code> . see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> .

<code>p_textsize</code>	numeric, the size of text of pvalue or asterisks, default is 2.
<code>step_increase</code>	numeric, see also <a href="#">stat_signif</a> , default is 0.1.
<code>boxwidth</code>	numeric, the width of boxplot when the geom is 'violin', default is 0.2.
<code>facetnrow</code>	integer, the nrow of facet, default is 1.
<code>controlgroup</code>	character, the names of control group, if it was set, the other groups will compare to it, default is NULL.
<code>comparelist</code>	list, the list of vector, default is NULL.

## Value

a 'ggplot' plot object, a box or violine plot.

## Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

## Examples

```
library(magrittr)
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
                        package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t",
                  header=TRUE, row.names=1,
                  check.names=FALSE, skip=1,
                  comment.char="")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata",
                          "sample_info.txt",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
sampleda <- read.table(samplefile,
                      sep="\t", header=TRUE, row.names=1)
otuda <- otuda[sapply(otuda, is.numeric)] %>% t() %>%
  data.frame(check.names=FALSE)
set.seed(1024)
alphaobj1 <- get_alphaindex(otuda, sampleda=sampleda)
p1 <- ggbox(alphaobj1, factorNames="group")
data(test_otu_data)
set.seed(1024)
alphaobj2 <- get_alphaindex(test_otu_data)
class(alphaobj2)
head(as.data.frame(alphaobj2))
p2 <- ggbox(alphaobj2, factorNames="group")
# set factor levels.
#p3 <- ggbox(obj=alphaobj2, factorNames="group",
#           factorLevels=list(group=c("M", "N", "B", "D")))
# set control group.
#p4 <- ggbox(obj=alphaobj2, factorNames="group", controlgroup="B")
# set comparelist
#p5 <- ggbox(obj=alphaobj2, factorNames="group",
#           comparelist=list(c("B", "D"), c("B", "M"), c("B", "N")))
```

---

`ggclust`*plot the result of hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples*

---

**Description**

plot the result of hierarchical cluster analysis for the samples

**Usage**

```
ggclust(obj, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'clustplotClass'  
ggclust(  
  obj,  
  layout = "rectangular",  
  factorNames = NULL,  
  factorLevels = NULL,  
  pointsize = 2,  
  fontsize = 2.6,  
  hjust = -0.1,  
  settheme = TRUE,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>obj</code>	R object, <code>clustplotClass</code> .
<code>...</code>	additional params, see also <a href="#">geom_tippoint</a>
<code>layout</code>	character, the layout of tree, see also <a href="#">ggtree</a> .
<code>factorNames</code>	character, default is <code>NULL</code> .
<code>factorLevels</code>	list, default is <code>NULL</code> .
<code>pointsize</code>	numeric, the size of point, default is 2.
<code>fontsize</code>	numeric, the size of text of tiplabel, default is 2.6.
<code>hjust</code>	numeric, default is -0.1
<code>settheme</code>	logical, default is <code>TRUE</code> .

**Value**

the figures of hierarchical cluster.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

#don't run in examples
#library(phyloseq)
#library(ggtree)
#library(ggplot2)
#data(GlobalPatterns)
#subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
#                             SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
#hcsample <- get_clust(subGlobal, distmethod="jaccard",
#                      method="hellinger", hclustmethod="average")
#hc_p <- ggclust(hcsample, layout = "rectangular",
#               pointsize=1, fontsize=0,
#               factorNames=c("SampleType")) +
#       theme_tree2(legend.position="right",
#                  plot.title = element_text(face="bold", lineheight=25,hjust=0.5))

```

---

ggdiffbox

*boxplot for the result of diff\_analysis*


---

**Description**

boxplot for the result of `diff_analysis`

**Usage**

```

ggdiffbox(obj, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'diffAnalysisClass'
ggdiffbox(
  obj,
  geom = "boxplot",
  box_notch = TRUE,
  box_width = 0.05,
  dodge_width = 0.6,
  addLDA = TRUE,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  featurelist = NULL,
  removeUnknown = TRUE,
  colorlist = NULL,
  l_xlabtext = NULL,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>obj</code>	object, <code>diffAnalysisClass</code> class.
<code>...</code>	additional arguments.
<code>geom</code>	character, "boxplot" or "violin", default is "boxplot".
<code>box_notch</code>	logical, see also 'notch' of <code>geom_boxplot</code> , default is TRUE.
<code>box_width</code>	numeric, the width of boxplot, default is 0.05



dodge_width	numeric, the width of dodge of boxplot, default is 0.6.
addLDA	logical, whether add the plot to visualize the result of LDA, default is TRUE.
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
featurelist	vector, the character vector, the sub feature of originalD in diffAnalysisClass, default is NULL.
removeUnknown	logical, whether remove the unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.
colorlist	character, the color vector, default is NULL.
l_xlabtext	character, the x axis text of left panel, default is NULL.

**Value**

a 'ggplot' plot object, a box or violine plot for the result of diffAnalysisClass.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc,
                                             rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)

library(ggplot2)
p <- ggdiffbox(diffres, box_notch=FALSE, l_xlabtext="relative abundance")
# set factor levels
#p2 <- ggdiffbox(diffres, box_notch=FALSE, l_xlabtext="relative abundance",
#                factorLevels=list(DIAGNOSIS=c("Tumor", "Healthy")))
```

---

ggdiffclade

*plot the clade tree with highlight*

---

**Description**

plot results of different analysis or data.frame, contained hierarchical relationship or other classes, such like the tax\_data of phyloseq.

**Usage**

```
ggdiffclade(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
ggdiffclade(
  obj,
  nodedf,
  factorName,
  layout = "circular",
  linewidth = 0.6,
  skpointsize = 0.8,
  alpha = 0.4,
  taxlevel = 6,
  cladetext = 2,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  setColors = TRUE,
  xlim = 12,
  reduce = FALSE,
  type = "species",
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'diffAnalysisClass'
ggdiffclade(obj, removeUnknown = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

obj	object, diffAnalysisClass, the results of diff_analysis see also <a href="#">diff_analysis</a> , or data.frame, contained hierarchical relationship or other classes.
...	additional parameters.
nodedf	data.frame, contained the tax and the factor information and(or pvalue).
factorName	character, the names of factor in nodedf.
layout	character, the layout of ggtree, but only "rectangular", "radial", "slanted", "inward_circular" and "circular" in here, default is circular.
linewidth	numeric, the size of segment of ggtree, default is 0.6.
skpointsize	numeric, the point size of skeleton of tree, default is 0.8 .
alpha	numeric, the alpha of clade, default is 0.4.
taxlevel	positive integer, the full text of clade, default is 5.
cladetext	numeric, the size of text of clade, default is 2.
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
setColors	logical, whether set the color of clade, default is TRUE, or set FALSE,then use 'scale_fill_manual' setting.
xlim	numeric, the x limits, only works for 'inward_circular' layout, default is 12.
reduce	logical, whether remove the unassigned taxonomy, which will remove the clade of unassigned taxonomy, but the result of 'diff_analysis' should remove the unknown taxonomy, default is FALSE.
type	character, the type of datasets, default is "species", if the dataset is not about species, such as dataset of kegg function, you should set it to "others".
removeUnknown	logical, whether do not show unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.

**Value**

figures of tax clade show the significant different feature.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc,
                                             rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
set.seed(1024)
diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
                        mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
                        firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
                        firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
                        secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
                        subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
                        secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)

#library(ggplot2)
#diffcladeplot <- ggdiffclade(diffres,alpha=0.3, linewidth=0.2,
#                             skpointsize=0.4,
#                             taxlevel=3,
#                             setColors=FALSE) +
#   scale_fill_manual(values=c('#00AED7',
#                              '#FD9347',
#                              '#C1E168'))
```

---

ggdifftaxbar

*significantly discriminative feature barplot*

---

**Description**

significantly discriminative feature barplot

**Usage**

```
ggdifftaxbar(obj, ...)
```

```
ggdiffbartaxa(obj, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'diffAnalysisClass'
```

```
ggdifftaxbar(
  obj,
  filepath = NULL,
  output = "biomarker_barplot",
  removeUnknown = TRUE,
  figwidth = 6,
  figheight = 3,
```

```

    ylabel = "relative abundance",
    format = "pdf",
    dpi = 300,
    ...
)

## S3 method for class 'featureMeanMedian'
ggdifftaxbar(
  obj,
  featurename,
  classgroup,
  subclass,
  xtextsize = 3,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  coloslist = NULL,
  ylabel = "relative abundance",
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

obj	object, diffAnalysisClass see also <a href="#">diff_analysis</a> or feMeanMedian class, see also <a href="#">get_mean_median</a> .
...	additional arguments.
filepath	character, default is NULL, meaning current path.
output	character, the output dir name, default is "biomarker_barplot".
removeUnknown	logical, whether do not show unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.
figwidth	numeric, the width of figures, default is 6.
figheight	numeric, the height of figures, default is 3.
ylabel	character, the label of y, default is 'relative abundance'.
format	character, the format of figure, default is pdf, png, tiff also be supported.
dpi	numeric, the dpi of output, default is 300.
featurename	character, the feature name, contained at the objet.
classgroup	character, factor name.
subclass	character, factor name.
xtextsize	numeric, the size of axis x label, default is 3.
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
coloslist	vector, color vector, if the input is phyloseq, you should use this to adjust the color, not <code>scale_color_manual</code> .

### Value

the figures of features show the distributions in samples.

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc,
                                             rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
#set.seed(1024)
#diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
#                          mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
#                          firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
#                          firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
#                          secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
#                          subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
#                          secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)
# not run in example
#ggdifftaxbar(diffres, output="biomarker_barplot")

```

---

ggeffectsize

*visualization of effect size by the Linear Discriminant Analysis or randomForest*


---

**Description**

visualization of effect size by the Linear Discriminant Analysis or randomForest

**Usage**

```

ggeffectsize(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
ggeffectsize(
  obj,
  factorName,
  effectsizename,
  factorLevels = NULL,
  linecolor = "grey50",
  linewidth = 0.4,
  lineheight = 0.2,
  pointsize = 1.5,
  setFacet = TRUE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'diffAnalysisClass'
ggeffectsize(obj, removeUnknown = TRUE, setFacet = TRUE, ...)

```

**Arguments**

**obj** object, diffAnalysisClass see [diff\\_analysis](#), or data.frame, contained effect size and the group information.

**...** additional arguments.

factorName	character, the column name contained group information in data.frame.
effectsizeName	character, the column name contained effect size information.
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
linecolor	character, the color of horizontal error bars, default is grey50.
linewidth	numeric, the width of horizontal error bars, default is 0.4.
lineheight	numeric, the height of horizontal error bars, default is 0.2.
pointsize	numeric, the size of points, default is 1.5.
setFacet	logical, whether use facet to plot, default is TRUE.
removeUnknown	logical, whether do not show unknown taxonomy, default is TRUE.

### Value

the figures of effect size show the LDA or MDA (MeanDecreaseAccuracy).

### Author(s)

Shuangbin Xu

### Examples

```

data(kostic2012crc)
kostic2012crc
head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc, rngseed=1024)
table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
#set.seed(1024)
#diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
#                          mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
#                          firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
#                          firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
#                          secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
#                          subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
#                          secondalpha=0.01, ldascore=3)
#library(ggplot2)
#effectplot <- ggeffectsize(diffres) +
#             scale_color_manual(values=c('#00AED7',
#                                         '#FD9347',
#                                         '#C1E168'))+
#             theme_bw()+
#             theme(strip.background=element_rect(fill=NA),
#                   panel.spacing = unit(0.2, "mm"),
#                   panel.grid=element_blank(),
#                   strip.text.y=element_blank())

```

---

`ggordpoint`*ordination plotter based on ggplot2.*

---

**Description**

ordination plotter based on ggplot2.

**Usage**

```
ggordpoint(obj, ...)
```

```
## Default S3 method:
```

```
ggordpoint(  
  obj,  
  pc = c(1, 2),  
  mapping = NULL,  
  sampleda = NULL,  
  factorNames = NULL,  
  factorLevels = NULL,  
  poinsize = 2,  
  linesize = 0.3,  
  arrowsize = 1.5,  
  arrowlinecolour = "grey",  
  ellipse = FALSE,  
  showsample = FALSE,  
  ellipse_pro = 0.9,  
  ellipse_alpha = 0.2,  
  biplot = FALSE,  
  topn = 5,  
  settheme = TRUE,  
  speciesannot = FALSE,  
  fontsize = 2.5,  
  labelfactor = NULL,  
  stroke = 0.1,  
  fontface = "bold.italic",  
  fontfamily = "sans",  
  textlinesize = 0.02,  
  ...  
)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'pcasample'
```

```
ggordpoint(obj, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>obj</code>	prcomp class or pcasample class,
<code>...</code>	additional parameters, see <a href="#">geom_text_repel</a> .
<code>pc</code>	integer vector, the component index.
<code>mapping</code>	set of aesthetic mapping of ggplot2, default is NULL when your want to set it by yourself, only alpha can be setted, and the first element of factorNames has

been setted to map fill, and the second element of factorNames has been setted to map starshape, you can use [scale\\_starshape\\_manual](#) set the shapes.

sampleda	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol factors, default is NULL.
factorNames	vector, the names of factors contained sampleda.
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
pointsize	numeric, the size of point, default is 2.
linesize	numeric, the line size of segment, default is 0.3.
arrowsize	numeric, the size of arrow, default is 1.5.
arrowlinecolour	character, the color of segment, default is grey.
ellipse	logical, whether add confidence ellipse to ordinary plot, default is FALSE.
showsample	logical, whether show the labels of sample, default is FALSE.
ellipse_pro	numeric, confidence value for the ellipse, default is 0.9.
ellipse_alpha	numeric, the alpha of ellipse, default is 0.2.
biplot	logical, whether plot the species, default is FALSE.
topn	integer or vector, the number species have top important contribution, default is 5.
settheme	logical, whether set the theme for the plot, default is TRUE.
speciesannot	logical, whether plot the species, default is FALSE.
fontsize	numeric, the size of text, default is 2.5.
labelfactor	character, the factor want to be show in label, default is NULL.
stroke	numeric, the line size of points, default is 0.1.
fontface	character, the font face, default is "blod.italic".
fontfamily	character, the font family, default is "sans".
textlinesize	numeric, the segment size in <a href="#">geom_text_repel</a> .

**Value**

point figures of PCA or PCoA.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
#don't run in examples
#library(phyloseq)
#data(GlobalPatterns)
#subGlobal <- subset_samples(GlobalPatterns,
#      SampleType %in% c("Feces", "Mock", "Ocean", "Skin"))
#pcares <- get_pca(subGlobal, method="hellinger")
#pcaplot <- ggordpoint(pcares, biplot=TRUE,
#      speciesannot=TRUE,
#      factorNames=c("SampleType"), ellipse=TRUE)
```



---

ggrarecurve                      *Rarefaction alpha index*

---

### Description

Rarefaction alpha index

### Usage

```
ggrarecurve(obj, ...)

## S3 method for class 'phyloseq'
ggrarecurve(obj, chunks = 400, factorLevels = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
ggrarecurve(obj, sampled, factorLevels, chunks = 400, ...)

## S3 method for class 'rarecurve'
ggrarecurve(
  obj,
  indexNames = "Observe",
  linesize = 0.5,
  facetnrow = 1,
  shadow = TRUE,
  factorNames,
  se = FALSE,
  method = "lm",
  formula = y ~ log(x),
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

obj	phyloseq, phyloseq class or data.frame shape of data.frame (nrow sample * ncol feature (+ factor)).
...	additional parameters, see also <a href="#">ggplot2{ggplot}</a> .
chunks	integer, the number of subsample in a sample, default is 400.
factorLevels	list, the levels of the factors, default is NULL, if you want to order the levels of factor, you can set this.
sampled	data.frame, (nrow sample * ncol factor)
indexNames	character, default is "Observe", only for "Observe", "Chao1", "ACE", "Shannon", "Simpson", "J".
linesize	integer, default is 0.5.
facetnrow	integer, the nrow of facet, default is 1.
shadow	logical, whether merge samples with group (factorNames) and display the ribbon of group, default is TRUE.
factorNames	character, default is missing.
se	logical, default is FALSE.
method	character, default is lm.
formula	formula, default is 'y ~ log(x)'

**Value**

figure of rarefaction curves

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(test_otu_data)
library(ggplot2)
prare <- ggrarecurve(test_otu_data,
                    indexNames=c("Observe", "Chao1", "ACE"),
                    shadow=FALSE,
                    factorNames="group"
                    ) +
  theme(legend.spacing.y=unit(0.02, "cm"),
        legend.text=element_text(size=6))
```

---

import\_dada2

---

*Import function to load the feature table and taxonomy table of dada2*


---

**Description**

the function can import the output of dada2, and generated the phyloseq obj contained the argument class.

**Usage**

```
import_dada2(
  seqtab,
  taxatab = NULL,
  reftree = NULL,
  sampleda = NULL,
  btree = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

seqtab	matrix, feature table, the output of <a href="#">removeBimeraDenovo</a> .
taxatab	matrix, a taxonomic table, the output of <a href="#">assignTaxonomy</a> , or the output of <a href="#">addSpecies</a> .
reftree	phylo or character, the phylo class of tree, or the tree file.
sampleda	data.frame or character, the data.frame of sample information, or the file of sample information, nrow samples X ncol factors.
btree	logical, whether building the tree, default is FALSE.
...	additional parameters, see also <a href="#">build_tree</a> .

**Value**

phyloseq class contained the argument class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

seqtabfile <- system.file("extdata", "seqtab.nochim.rds",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
taxafile <- system.file("extdata", "taxa_tab.rds",
                       package="MicrobiotaProcess")
seqtab <- readRDS(seqtabfile)
taxa <- readRDS(taxafile)
sampleda <- system.file("extdata", "mouse.time.dada2.txt",
                       package="MicrobiotaProcess")
ps <- import_dada2(seqtab=seqtab, taxatab=taxa,
                 sampleda=sampleda)
ps

```

---

import_qiime2	<i>Import function to load the output of qiime2.</i>
---------------	--

---

**Description**

The function was designed to import the output of qiime2 and convert them to phyloseq class.

**Usage**

```

import_qiime2(
  otuqza,
  taxaqa = NULL,
  mapfilename = NULL,
  refseqqza = NULL,
  treeqza = NULL,
  build_tree = FALSE,
  parallel = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

otuqza	character, the file contained otu table, the ouput of qiime2.
taxaqa	character, the file contained taxonomy, the ouput of qiime2, default is NULL.
mapfilename	character, the file contained sample information, the tsv format, default is NULL.
refseqqza	character, the file contained refrentent sequences, default is NULL.
treeqza	character, the file contained the tree file, default is NULL.
build_tree	logical, whether building the tree, when the rownames of feature table contains the sequence, default is FALSE.
parallel	logical, whether parsing the column of taxonomy multi-parallel, default is FALSE.
...	additional parameters, see alos <a href="#">build_tree</a> .

**Value**

phyloseq-class contained the argument class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
otuqzafile <- system.file("extdata", "table.qza",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
taxaqzafile <- system.file("extdata", "taxa.qza",
                          package="MicrobiotaProcess")
mapfile <- system.file("extdata", "metadata_qza.txt",
                      package="MicrobiotaProcess")
ps <- import_qiime2(otuqza=otuqzafile, taxaqa=taxaqzafile,
                  mapfilename=mapfile)
ps
```

---

multi\_compare

*a container for performing two or more sample test.*

---

**Description**

a container for performing two or more sample test.

**Usage**

```
multi_compare(
  fun = wilcox.test,
  data,
  feature,
  factorNames,
  subgroup = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

fun	character, the method for test, optional ""
data	data.frame, nrow sample * ncol feature+factorNames.
feature	vector, the features wanted to test.
factorNames	character, the name of a factor giving the corresponding groups.
subgroup	vector, the names of groups, default is NULL.
...	additional arguments for fun.

**Value**

the result of fun, if fun is wilcox.test, it will return the list with class "htest".

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```

datest <- data.frame(A=rnorm(1:10,mean=5),
                    B=rnorm(2:11, mean=6),
                    group=c(rep("case", 5),rep("control",5)))
head(datest)
multi_compare(fun=wilcox.test,data=datest,
              feature=c("A", "B"),factorNames="group")
da2 <- data.frame(A=rnorm(1:15,mean=5),
                 B=rnorm(2:16,mean=6),
                 group=c(rep("case1", 5),rep("case2", 5),rep("control", 5)))
multi_compare(fun=wilcox.test,data=da2,
              feature=c("A", "B"),factorNames="group",
              subgroup=c("case1", "case2"))

```

---

ordplotClass-class      *ordplotClass class*


---

**Description**

ordplotClass class

**Slots**

coord matrix object contained the coordinate for ordination plot.  
xlab character object contained the text of xlab for ordination plot.  
ylab character object contained the text of ylab for ordination plot.  
title character object contained the text of title for ordination plot.

---

pcasample-class      *pcasample class*


---

**Description**

pcasample class

**Slots**

pca prcomp or pcoa object  
sampleda associated sample information

---

read_qza	<i>read the qza file, output of qiime2.</i>
----------	---

---

**Description**

the function was designed to read the output of qiime2.

**Usage**

```
read_qza(qzafilename, parallel = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

qzafilename	character, the format of file should be one of 'BIOMV210DirFmt', 'TSVTaxonomyDirectoryFormat', 'NewickDirectoryFormat' and 'DNASequencesDirectoryFormat'.
parallel	logical, whether parsing the taxonomy by multi-parallel, default is FALSE.

**Value**

list contained one or multiple object of feature table, taxonomy table, tree and represent sequences.

**Examples**

```
otuqzafilename <- system.file("extdata", "table.qza",
                             package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuqza <- read_qza(otuqzafilename)
str(otuqza)
```

---

show,diffAnalysisClass-method	<i>method extensions to show for diffAnalysisClass objects.</i>
-------------------------------	---

---

**Description**

method extensions to show for diffAnalysisClass objects.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'diffAnalysisClass'
show(object)
```

**Arguments**

object	object, 'diffAnalysisClass' class
--------	-----------------------------------

**Value**

print info

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
# don't run in examples
#data(kostic2012crc)
#kostic2012crc
#head(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc),3)
#kostic2012crc <- phyloseq::rarefy_even_depth(kostic2012crc, rngseed=1024)
#table(phyloseq::sample_data(kostic2012crc)$DIAGNOSIS)
#set.seed(1024)
#diffres <- diff_analysis(kostic2012crc, classgroup="DIAGNOSIS",
#                          mlfun="lda", filtermod="fdr",
#                          firstcomfun = "kruskal.test",
#                          firstalpha=0.05, strictmod=TRUE,
#                          secondcomfun = "wilcox.test",
#                          subclmin=3, subclwilc=TRUE,
#                          secondalpha=0.01, lda=3)
#show(diffres)
```

split\_data

*Split Large Vector or DataFrame***Description**

Split large vector or dataframe to list class, which contain subset vectors or dataframe of origin vector or dataframe.

**Usage**

```
split_data(x, nums, chunks = NULL, random = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

x	vector class or data.frame class.
nums	integer.
chunks	integer. use chunks if nums is missing. Note nums and chunks shouldn't concurrently be NULL, default is NULL.
random	bool, whether split randomly, default is FALSE, if you want to split data randomly, you can set TRUE, and if you want the results are reproducible, you should add seed before.

**Value**

the subset of x, vector or data.frame class.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
data(iris)
irislist <- split_data(iris, 40)
dalist <- c(1:100)
dalist <- split_data(dalist, 30)
```

---

split\_str\_to\_list      *split a dataframe contained one column*

---

**Description**

split a dataframe contained one column with a specify field separator character.

**Usage**

```
split_str_to_list(
  strdataframe,
  prefix = "tax",
  sep = ";",
  extra = "drop",
  fill = "right",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

strdataframe	dataframe; a dataframe contained one column to split.
prefix	character; the result dataframe columns names prefix, default is "tax".
sep	character; the field separator character, default is ";".
extra	character; See <a href="#">separate</a> details.
fill	character; See <a href="#">separate</a> details.
...	Additional arguments passed to <a href="#">separate</a> .

**Value**

data.frame of strdataframe by sep.

**Author(s)**

Shuangbin Xu

**Examples**

```
otudafile <- system.file("extdata", "otu_tax_table.txt",
  package="MicrobiotaProcess")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata",
  "sample_info.txt", package="MicrobiotaProcess")
otuda <- read.table(otudafile, sep="\t", header=TRUE,
  row.names=1, check.names=FALSE,
  skip=1, comment.char="")
sampleda <- read.table(samplefile,
```



```

      sep="\t", header=TRUE, row.names=1)
taxdf <- otuda[!sapply(otuda, is.numeric)]
taxdf <- split_str_to_list(taxdf)
head(taxdf)

```

---

theme_taxbar	<i>theme_taxbar</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

## Description

theme\_taxbar

## Usage

```

theme_taxbar(
  axis.text.x = element_text(angle = -45, hjust = 0, size = 12),
  legend.position = "bottom",
  legend.box = "horizontal",
  legend.text = element_text(size = 8),
  legend.title = element_blank(),
  strip.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"),
  strip.background = element_rect(colour = "white", fill = "grey"),
  ...
)

```

## Arguments

axis.text.x	element_text, x axis tick labels.
legend.position	character, default is "bottom".
legend.box	character, arrangement of legends, default is "horizontal".
legend.text	element_text, legend labels text.
legend.title	element_text, legend title text
strip.text.x	element_text, strip text of x
strip.background	element_rect, the background of x
...	additional parameters

## Value

updated ggplot object with new theme

## See Also

[theme](#)

## Examples

```

library(ggplot2)
data(test_otu_data)
otubar <- ggbartax(test_otu_data, settheme=FALSE) +
  xlab(NULL) + ylab("relative abundance(%)") +
  theme_taxbar()

```

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