ddCt

April 19, 2010

`barploterrbar` *Barplot with error bars.*

Description

Barplot with error bars.

Usage

```
barploterrbar(y, yl, yh, barcol="orange", errcol="black", horiz=FALSE,
w=0.2,theCut=NULL,columnForDiffBars=TRUE,cex.axis =
par("cex.axis"),zeroForNA=TRUE,legend=FALSE,groups = NULL, order=FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

`y`	Numeric vector.
`yl`	Numeric vector of same length as y.
`yh`	Numeric vector of same length as y.
`barcol`	Color of the bars.
`errcol`	Color of the error bars.
`horiz`	Logical. As in `barplot`.
`w`	Size of the error bar ticks.
`theCut`	
`columnForDiffBars`	
`zeroForNA`	
`cex.axis`	
`legend`	Sould a legend be plotted ?
`groups`	a factor - if specified the bars are collored according to the group they belong to
`order`	plot sample values in descending order
`...`	Further arguments that get passed on to `barplot`.

Details

The function calls `barplot` with `y` and decorates it with error bars according to `yl` and `yh`.

Value

The function is called for its side effect, producing a plot.

Author(s)

Markus Ruschhaupt, Florian Hahne

See Also

barplot

Examples

```
y <- matrix(runif(80), ncol=5)
ym <- apply(y, 2, mean)
dy <- apply(y, 2, sd)*2/sqrt(nrow(y))
barploterrbar(ym, ym-dy, ym+dy, barcol="#0000c0", errcol="orange")
```

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ddCtAbsolute *absolute quantification for Taqman data*

Description

absolute quantification for Taqman data

Usage

```
ddCtAbsolute(raw.table, addData, type = "mean", ADD = -30.234, DIV = -1.6268, sa
```

Arguments

raw.table	data frame. It must contain columns with the following names:'Ct','Sample','Detector','Platename'. The column 'Ct' must contain numeric values.
addData	
type	character of length 1. 'mean' or 'median'- which method should be used for the aggregation of the repicates
ADD	
DIV	
sampleInformation	if specified it must be an object of class phenoData with a column named 'Sample'.
toZero	boolean - if there is only one replication should the error be treated as zero ? (only if 'type' is mean)
filename	character of length 1. The name of the file the warnings should be stored in.

Value

A an object of class eSet. The assayData has the following components: exprs, error, Ct, Ct.error, Difference, number_NA, number, Plate.

Author(s)

Markus Ruschhaupt mailto:m.ruschhaupt@dkfz.de

References

~put references to the literature/web site here ~

`ddCtExpression-class`
ddCt Expression

Description

This class is a subclass of `ExpressionSet` and represents objects which are produced by the ddCt algorithm in the `ddCtExpression` method

Extends

Class `ExpressionSet`, directly. Class `eSet`, by class "ExpressionSet", distance 2. Class `VersionedBiobase`, by class "ExpressionSet", distance 3. Class `Versioned`, by class "ExpressionSet", distance 4.

Methods

Ct `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the Ct value of this ddCtExpressionobject

CtErr `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the error number of the Ct value of this ddCtExpressionobject

dCt `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the dCt value of this ddCtExpressionobject

dCtErr `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the error number of the dCt value of this ddCtExpressionobject

ddCt `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`:returns the ddCt value of this ddCtExpressionobject

ddCtErr `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the error number of the ddCt value of this ddCtExpressionobject

level `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the levels in this ddCtExpressionobject

levelErr `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the error number of the levens in this ddCtExpressionobject

numberCt `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the Ct number of this ddCtExpressionobject

numberNA `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns the NA number of this ddCtExpressionobject

elist `signature(object = "ddCtExpression")`: returns a data frame which represents this expression object

elistWrite `signature(object = "ddCtExpression", file = "character")`: writes ddCtExpression object into a file

Author(s)

Rudolf Biczok <mailto:r.biczok@dkfz.de>

See Also

SDMFrame: reader for SDM files elist, elistWrite: utility functions for ddCtExpression objects ddCtExpression: the method which invokes the ddCt algorithm

Examples

```
## read a SDM file
sampdat <- SDMFrame(system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt",
                                package="ddCt"))

## call ddCtExpression method to get a ddCt calculated expression
result <- ddCtExpression(sampdat,
                         calibrationSample="Sample1",
                         housekeepingGenes=c("Gene1","Gene2"))

## use getter methods
ddCt(result)
ddCtErr(result)
```

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ddCtExpression-methods

Apply the ddCt algorithm for a given data set

Description

Apply the ddCt algorithm for a given data set

Arguments

object	SDMFrame Data object which holds a data set containing columns with the following names: 'Ct','Sample','Detector','Platename'. The column 'Ct' must contain numeric values.
algorithm	character. Name of the calibration samples.
warningStream	character of length 1. The name of the file the warnings should be stored in.
calibrationSample	character. Name of the calibration samples.
housekeepingGenes	character. Name of the housekeeping genes.
type	character of length 1. 'mean' or 'median'- which method should be used for the aggregation of the repicates
sampleInformation	if specified it must be an object of class phenoData with a column named 'Sample'.
toZero	boolean - if there is only one replication should the error be treated as zero ? (only if 'type' is mean)

efficiencies n.V.

efficiencies.error n.V.

Value

A an object of class ddCtExpression.

usage

ddCtExpression(object, warningStream = "warning.output.txt", algorithm="ddCt" calibrationSample, housekeepingGenes, type="mean", sampleInformation=NULL, toZero=TRUE, efficiencies = NULL, efficiencies.error = NULL)

Methods

object = "SDMFrame" An object of SDMFrame, constructed with the method SDMFrame

Author(s)

Rudolf Biczok <mailto:r.biczok@dkfz.de>

References

Analysis of relative gene expression data using real-time quantitative PCR and the 2(-Delta -Delta C(T)) Method. KJ Livak and TD Schmittgen, Methods, Vol. 25, No. 4. (December 2001), pp. 402-408

See Also

SDMFrame: reader for SDM files ddCtExpression: representation for ddCt calculated expressions

Examples

```
## read a SDM file
sampdat <- SDMFrame(system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt", package="ddCt"))

## call ddCtExpression method from class SDMFrame
## to get a ddCt calculated expression
result <- ddCtExpression(sampdat,
                         calibrationSample="Sample1",
                         housekeepingGenes=c("Gene1","Gene2"))
result
```

`elistWrite-methods` *Write ddCtExpression object into data frame or files*

Description

`ddCtExpression` object contains a list of matrices as the results of `ddCt` method. `elist` combines these lists into one data frame, and `elistWrite` writes the data frame into file.

Usage

```
elist(object,...)
elistWrite(object,file,...)
```

Arguments

`object`	an `ExpressionSet` object.
`file`	output file.
`...`	additional arguments passed to write.table.

Details

`elist` is a wrapper to `as(object, "data.frame")` function.

Value

A data frame or output file.

Author(s)

Jitao David Zhang `<j.zhang@dkfz.de>`

Examples

```
## read a SDM file
sampdat <- SDMFrame(system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt", package="ddCt"))

## call ddCtExpression method from class SDMFrame
## to get a ddCt calculated expression
result <- ddCtExpression(sampdat,
                         calibrationSample="Sample1",
                         housekeepingGenes=c("Gene1","Gene2"))

## call elist
elistResult <- elist(result)
elistResult
```

errBarchart-methods

Draw barchart of relative expression level with error-bars

Description

Draw barchart (with error-bars) of relative expression level represented in ddCtExpression object. The barchart is implemented as grid plot by lattice package, where each panel represents one sample and the relative expression values of detectors (as well as their standard errors) are depicted as bars.

Detectors which are not determined are marked by grey NA.

Methods

object = "ddCtExpression" An object of ddCtExpression, constructed with the method ddCtExpression

errBarchartParameter-class

Class "errBarchartParameter"

Description

Parameter object for errBarchart

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("errBarchartParameter", ...). So far the object is only internally used, but in the near future it will be exported.

Slots

exprsUndeterminedLabel: Object of class "character", specifying the text label when the expression level is 'Undetermined'

Methods

exprsUndeterminedLabel signature(object = "errBarchartParameter"): getting the text label when the expression level is 'Undetermined'

show signature(object = "errBarchartParameter"): print method

Note

So far it is only internallly used

Author(s)

Jitao David Zhang <j.zhang@dkfz.de>

Examples

```
## Internally used
## param <- new("errBarchartParameter")
## exprsUndeterminedLabel(param)
```

`replaceVectorByEquality`
REPLACE ITEMS OF VECTOR BY EQUALITY

Description

The function replces (or updates) the items of a given vector by checking the equality with the `target` parameter. If found, the item will be replaced by the `value` parameter. The length of both `target` and `value` must be the same and could be longer than 1, in which case the replace will be iterated.

Usage

```
replaceVectorByEquality(vector, target, value)
```

Arguments

`vector`	A vector to be replaced. The items of the vector must be atom types, since the equality is checked by '=='.
`target`	targets to be replaced, could be either single or a vector
`value`	values to be replaced at the positions of targets, must be of the same length of `target`

Details

A warning will be prompted if any item in the `target` cannot be found

Value

A vector of the same length as the parameter `vector`

Author(s)

Jitao David Zhang

See Also

== for checking equality.

Examples

```
vector <- c("java", "perl", "python", "c#")
replaceVectorByEquality(vector, target="c#", value="c/c++")
replaceVectorByEquality(vector, target=c("c#","perl"), value=c("c/c++","R"))
```

`SDMFrame-class` *Working with SDM files*

Description

The class SDMFrame provides core functionalities to read gene and sample information from SDM files and calculate them with a ddCt algorithm.

The function `SDMFrame` reads the data given in the colums 'Detector','Sample' and 'Ct' of the specified SDM output files and stores them as a data.frame. An additional column including the respective filename is added.

Slots

`coreData`**:** Object of class `"data.frame"`: Holds all the required data extracted from the SDM file

`files`**:** Object of class `"character"` contains the source SDM files

Methods

[,[[,\$ `signature(x = "SDMFrame")`: primitive accessors. Returns an object of `SDMFrame-class` with the subset data.

names `signature(x = "SDMFrame")`: returns the column names in this SDM object

ddCtExpression `signature(object = "SDMFrame")`: runs a ddCt algorithm with this SDM object and returns a object of class `ddCtExpression`

fileNames `signature(object="SDMFrame")`: returns the source SDM file names.

detectorNames `signature(object = "SDMFrame")`: returns the detector names in this SDM object

detectorNames<- `signature(object = "SDMFrame", value = "character")`: replaces the detector names in this SDM object

sampleNames `signature(object = "SDMFrame")`: returns the sample names in this SDM object

sampleNames<- `signature(object = "SDMFrame", value = "character")`: replaces the sample names in this SDM object

uniqueDetectorNames `signature(object = "SDMFrame")`: returns a vector of unique detector names in this SDM object

uniqueDetectorNames<- `signature(object = "SDMFrame", target = "missing", value = "character")`: replaces all detector names given by the 'names' attribute in 'value' with new detector names

uniqueDetectorNames<- `signature(object = "SDMFrame", target = "character", value = "character")`: replaces all detector names given by 'target' with new detector names

uniqueSampleNames<- `signature(object = "SDMFrame", target = "missing", value = "character")`: replaces all sample names given by the 'names' attribute in 'value' with new sample names

uniqueSampleNames<- `signature(object = "SDMFrame", target = "character", value = "character")`: replaces all sample names given by 'target' with new sample names

uniqueSampleNames `signature(object = "SDMFrame")`: returns a vector of unique sample names in this SDM object

removeSample `signature(object = "SDMFrame", sample="character")`: removes the sample(s) specified from the SDMFrame object

replaceDetector `signature(object = "SDMFrame", target="character", value="character"` replace the detectors equal to the target with the value. Both `target` and `value` can be vectors of the same length, then the replace takes place iteratively.

replaceSample `signature(object = "SDMFrame", target="character", value="character")` replace the samples equal to the target with the value. Both `target` and `value` can be vectors of the same length, then the replace takes place iteratively.

show `signature(object="SDMFrame")`: pretty print of the SDMFrame instance.

rightCensoring `signature(object="SDMFrame", threshold="numeric")`: Right censoring the Ct value, which targets the data points above a certain value (`threshold`). High Ct values (higher than 40 or 45 by the rule of thumb) are often not accurate and may indicate too weak expression. The function performs the right censoring on the data and set the value above the threshold as `NA` (by default) or a given value. See the example.

coreData `signature(object="SDMFrame")`: returns the data frame read from SDM file.

coreData<- `signature(object="SDMFrame")`: replace the data frame read from SDM file.

Ct `signature(object="SDMFrame")`: returns the Ct value of the SDM file.

Author(s)

Rudolf Biczok <mailto:r.biczok@dkfz.de>, Jitao David Zhang <mailto:j.zhang@dkfz.de>

See Also

`SDMFrame` function reads in data from SDM files. Data from SDM files is used to construct `ddCtExpression` objects to analyze differetial expression.

Examples

```
## read a SDM file
sampdat <- SDMFrame(system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt",
                                package="ddCt"))
## you can also write
## sampdat <- new("SDMFrame",system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt",
##                                       package="ddCt"))

## use the getter methods
sampleNames(sampdat)

## or the overloaded primitive accessors
sampdat[1:3,"Sample"]

## see all unique samples
uniqueSampleNames(sampdat)

## replace all sample names 'Sample1' and 'Sample2' in sampdat
## with 'NewSample1' and 'NewSample2'
uniqueSampleNames(sampdat,c("Sample1","Sample2")) <- c("NewSample1","NewSample2")
uniqueSampleNames(sampdat)

## or use this syntax to replace the gene names
```

```
uniqueDetectorNames(sampdat) <- c(Gene1="NewGene1", Gene2="NewGene2")
uniqueDetectorNames(sampdat)

## remove sample or detector
removeSample(sampdat, "Sample1")
removeDetector(sampdat, "Gene1")

## replace sample or detector
replaceSample(sampdat, "Sample1", "Sample0")
replaceDetector(sampdat, "Gene1", "PLCG1")

## right censoring the data
rightCensoring(sampdat, 35)
rightCensoring(sampdat, 35, 35)
```

`SDMFrame` *Read an SDM file*

Description

Read an SDM file: Data Output File for SDS, Version 2.1

Usage

```
SDMFrame(files)
readSDM(files)
```

Arguments

`files`	Character vector of filenames

Details

This function reads the data given in the colums 'Detector','Sample' and 'Ct' of the specified SDM output files and stores them as a data.frame. An additional column including the respective filename is added.

This function is a wrapper for the SDMFrame constructor

Value

A object of class `SDMFrame`

Author(s)

Rudolf Biczok `mailto:r.biczok@dkfz.de`

Examples

```
## read a SDM file
sampdat <- SDMFrame(system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt",
                                package="ddCt"))
## you can also write
## sampdat <- new("SDMFrame",system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt",
##                                       package="ddCt"))

## or with
## sampdat <- readSDM(system.file("extdata", "Experiment1.txt",
##                                  package="ddCt"))

## use the getter methods
sampleNames(sampdat)

## or the overloaded primitive accessors
sampdat[1:3,"Sample"]

## see all unique samples
uniqueSampleNames(sampdat)

## replace all sample names 'Sample1' and 'Sample2' in sampdat
## with 'NewSample1' and 'NewSample2'
uniqueSampleNames(sampdat,c("Sample1","Sample2")) <- c("NewSample1","NewSample2")
uniqueSampleNames(sampdat)

## or use this syntax to replace the gene names
uniqueDetectorNames(sampdat) <- c(Gene1="NewGene1", Gene2="NewGene2")
uniqueDetectorNames(sampdat)
```

---

write.htmltable *Write a data frame into an html table within a html page*

Description

Write a 'data.frame' into an html table within a html page

Usage

```
write.htmltable(x, filename, title = "", sortby = NULL, decreasing = TRUE, open
```

Arguments

x	'data.frame'
filename	character. File name.
title	character. Title of html page
sortby	character. Name of column by which to sort the table rows
decreasing	logical. Should the sort order be increasing or decreasing?
open	character. This argument is passed onto 'file'

Value

The funciton is called for its side effect: writing a file

Author(s)

Wolfgang Huber

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writeSimpleTabCsv *Write a data frame into a tab delimited file*

Description

Write a 'data.frame' into a tab delimited file (not quoted and no-row-name CSV file)

Usage

```
writeSimpleTabCsv(x, file, ...)
```

Arguments

x	'data.frame'
file	character. File name.
...	Additional arguments passed onto the function

Value

The function is called for its side effect: writing a file

Author(s)

Wolfgang Huber

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